THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

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Clocks,
Jewelry,
Fancy Goods,
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The undersigned continues to supply the citizens of Woodland and vicinity with the BEST and CHOICEST MEATS to be found in the market, at the

Lowest Cash Rates!

Wholesale or Retail. ☞ In future, THOS. C. POCKMAN will collect my accounts and receipt for the same.
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(Formerly Baker's Hotel.)

D. D. HUNTER,.....PROPRIETOR.

The larger portion of this Hotel is new. The whole house has been thoroughly renovated, and is now open for the reception of the traveling public. Former patronage respectfully solicited. fe21-3m

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

VOL. III. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1870. NO. 15.

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

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Office: Nos. 6, 7 and 8, Edgington's Building, Napa City, attend to business in the District Courts of the 7th Judicial District, also of Yolo county and in the Supreme Court. fe21

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Offers his professional services to the citizens of Woodland and vicinity. Office at the Hunter House. fe20-1y

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Will practice in the District Court. Office up stairs, in the Bank building, Woodland. f12-3m

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSE OR AT LAW.
f12] WOODLAND, CAL. [3m

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CORNER OF MAIN AND FIRST STREETS,

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MESSRS. FURNISS & EATON, well known in connection with Hotel business, have assumed control and management of the above named House, and will give their undivided attention towards maintaining a First-class Hotel.

The Building is New,

A capacious three-story brick, elegantly furnished throughout, presenting superior accommodations to resident and transient guests.

The Family Rooms

Are large, well ventilated and superbly furnished, offering commodious and genteel accommodations to families.

The Table

Will be supplied with all the substantials and delicacies of the season.

Board,

By the day or week, on favorable terms.

A COACH is always on hand to convey guests to and from the Cars FREE OF CHARGE.

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Having formed a co-partnership for the purpose of practicing our profession, tender our thanks to the citizens of Yolo county for their very liberal patronage heretofore, and trust that we will merit a continuance of the same in the future. All operations pertaining to the Profession successfully performed, on the latest approved principles. Nitrous Oxide Gas and Rhigoline Spray, used to extract teeth without pain, when desired. Satisfaction guaranteed.

☞ Office hours from 8 o'clock A. M., to 5 o'clock P. M. d12-3m

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Trees and Shrubbery.

If you want Fruit Trees, Shade Trees, Flowers, Shrubs, Garden or Flower Seeds, of all kinds, go to Cook & Franklin's, Main street, opposite College, Woodland, where you can find a complete assortment of everything in that line.
COOK & FRANKLIN,
fe30-3m Seed and Nurserymen.

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POST-OFFICE BUILDING, WOODLAND.

Repairing promptly and neatly done. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry constantly on hand and for sale cheap. fe13-3m

[Written for the "DEMOCRAT."

ICE-BERG.

A towering berg of glittering ice
In polar seas lay bound;
Eternal silence reigned about,
And solemn gloom around.

No sun shone down in genial warmth
Nor lighted up the scene;
No happy birds their praise outpoured,
No living thing of green.

Stately and grim the mountain stood,
And seemed as in its pride;
It would its own fair light create
To deck its ev'ry side.

Wrapt in its own dark sullen self,
It laughed at Nature all,
And deemed itself creating God—
Its bond, its palace hall.

But far above, on mystic space,
The sun in brightness shone,
Infusing light, and life, and joy,
E'en to the icy zone.

In homage due, the pearly drops
Rise from their wat'ry plain,
To bask awhile in sunny smiles,
Then back to earth again.

Obeying laws that Nature gave,
The Arctic region yields,
And downward creep the chilling snows
To melt in torrid fields.

Slowly, softly the icy lands
That bind the berg in bond,
Have loosed their hold, and now it floats
On ocean's bosom fond.

Softly, slowly that stately mount
Bends down its haughty head,
And now o'erpowered by heavenly rays,
It sinks in ocean-bed.

Presumptuous worms, we dare regard
Reflected heavenly rays,
As self-created light and life,
Nor deign the Maker praise.

God works in a mysterious way,
His wonders to perform,
And oft in mercy stretches out
His own Almighty arm.

How like a berg our earthly hopes!
By worldly cares enchained!
Ambition's icy breath bears away
O'er souls in sin enstained.

Down from His throne God's loving smile
Shines loving night and day,
And enters in our hearts and minds,
And melts our bergs away!

But are they lost? nay, doubter, nay,
Transformed they upward fly,
And lightened by God's holy smile
They float in heav'nly sky.

W. W. S.

A Bill to Authorize Permanent Federal Bastiles.

A Washington letter to the Baltimore *Gazette* says:

A very significant "bill" has just been submitted to the House of Representatives at Washington by this military administration. It proposes, in the first place to give the President power to establish no less than five American Bastiles, "in proper localities," to be called "Military Prisons." Its details are borrowed:

That the General of the army shall detail prison commandants and guards.

That so much of the pay of every convict as may be stopped by sentence of Court-Martial shall go to the support of prisons.

That each convict shall be allowed such uniform, fatigue clothing, rations of the kind issued troops, as the Secretary of War may prescribe.

The President to appoint a Prison Chaplain for each military prison, who shall have the pay and emoluments of a Post Chaplain.

This movement is ominous of a reign of terror, the more so as the "bill" is adroitly drawn so as to answer other purposes than the mere safe-keeping of "refractory" soldiers. The means, also, are in fair proportion beyond the requirements of the evil, so far as the army is concerned. Taken in connection with the fact that Trumbull's bill, the object of which is to legalize military court-martials, past and future, will very shortly become a law, the purpose of this bill cannot be mistaken. The people, therefore, may and should take warning, and behave themselves accordingly. Everything looks as if what we have witnessed were mere "tarts and cheese-cakes" to what is ahead.

"GIM ME SUM DAT PIE."—Quite an amusing scene, and one indicative of the dignity of that august body, occurred in the House a day or two since. DeLarge, negro, having procured something in the appearance of an apple-pie, was dividing it very generously among such of his confreres as were seated next him, when Elliott, negro, who was seated some distance off, rushed up, and, in rather peremptory terms, demanded a slice. As the pie, so DeLarge's liberality had diminished, and there being but a single slice remaining, he replied to Elliott's demand by ramming that hastily in his own mouth. Elliott did not to be robbed of his treat—like an eagle he pounced upon *de-large* member from Charleston, and grasping him by the throat endeavored to choke him into a more generous state of mind. Being the stouter, and having the advantage in position, he standing and the others seated, Elliott succeeded in jamming DeLarge's head down upon his chair, when the latter ended the encounter by using his knife upon his antagonist's leg, sending him scampering away to his seat, amid the laughter of the house.—*Columbia* (*S. C.*) *Guardian.*

THE TELEGRAPH MONOPOLY.—A Washington dispatch says: President Orton, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, in his defense of the present system before the Senate Postal Committee, urged that that company be released from all taxes, which would enable them to make an average reduction of one-seventh on the present rates of tariff, and to give them free right of way along railroads, as proposed in Hubbard's bill, which would allow a reduction of another seventh, and then let Congress provide for a commission to appraise the cash value of the property and franchises of the company, on which sum they shall be entitled to ten per cent. per annum, and the company will surrender to the Post Office Department the right to fix the tariff.

CALVARY is a little hill to the eye, but it is the only spot on earth that touches heaven. The Cross is foolishness to human reason, and a stumbling block to human righteousness; but there only do truth and mercy meet together, and righteousness and peace kiss each other. Jesus Christ was a man of low condition, and died a death of shame on an accursed tree; but there is no salvation in any other.

The Wanderer's Prayer.

On a cold, dreary evening in autumn, a small boy, poorly clad, yet cleanly and tidy, with a pack upon his back, knocked at the door of an old Quaker in the town of S——, and inquired: "Is Mr. Lanman at home?"

"Yes."

The boy wished to see him, and was speedily ushered into the host's presence.

Friend Lanman was one of the wealthiest men in the county, and President of the railroad. The boy had come to see if he could obtain a situation on the road. He said that he was an orphan—his mother had been dead only two months, and he was now a homeless wanderer. But the lad was too small for the filling of any place within the Quaker's gift, and he was forced to deny him. Still he liked the looks of the boy and he said to him:

"Thee may stop in my house to-night, and on the morrow I will give thee names of two or three good men in Philadelphia, to whom thee may apply with assurance of a kind reception at least. I am sorry that I have no employment for thee."

Later in the evening the old Quaker went the rounds of his spacious mansion, lantern in hand, as was his wont, to see that all was safe before retiring for the night. As he passed the door of the little chamber where the poor wandering orphan had been placed to sleep, he heard a voice. He stopped and listened, and distinguished the tones of a simple, earnest prayer. He bent his ear nearer, and heard these words from the boy's lips:

"Oh, good Father in heaven! help me to help myself. Watch over me as I watch over my own conduct, and care for me as my deeds merit! Bless the good man in whose house I am sheltered for the night, and spare him long, that he may continue his bounty to other suffering ones. Amen."

And the Quaker responded another amen as he moved on; and as he went he meditated. The boy had a true idea of the duties of life, and possessed a warm, grateful heart.

"I verily think that the lad will be a treasure to his employer," was the concluding reflection.

When the morning came the old Quaker changed his mind concerning his answer to the boy's application.

"Who taught thee to pray!" inquired Friend Lanman.

"My mother, sir," was the soft reply. And the rich brown eyes grew moist.

"And thee will not forget thy mother's counsels?"

"I cannot, for I know that my success in life is dependent upon them."

"My boy, thee may'st stay here in my house, and very soon I will take thee to my office. Go now and get thy breakfast."

Friend Lanman was gathered to the spirit harvest shortly after the breaking out of the war of the rebellion; but he lived to see the poor boy he had adopted rise step by step until he finally assumed the responsible office which the failing guardian could no longer hold. And to-day there is no man more honored and respected by his friends, and none more feared by gamblers and speculators in irresponsible stocks, than is the once poor wanderer—now President of the best managed and most productive railway in the United States.

The Rejected Pup.

HOW THE GREAT CHIEF RECEIVED AN OFFERING.

"Mack," the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, furnishes the following:

Just as I was scratching my head for subjects of epistolary discourse this morning, a friend came along with a face full of smiles, and said he, "Did you hear about that dog?" "What dog," said I, thinking that, perhaps, another pointer, or perchance a terrier, had been sent to his Excellency. "Why, that same dog that was sent to the President from Cleveland." I replied that the last I heard of that unfortunate animal his fate hung suspended between Barnum and Bologna, and it was a question whether he should adorn a museum or be converted into sausages. But my friend immediately said I was mistaken. It was very true that the President had concluded at first not to receive that pointer and had sent him summarily from his premises. But since then one of his confidential advisers, who was an experienced dog fancier, and called on him and set forth the praises of this Cleveland contribution in glowing terms—told him he was an imported animal, worth one hundred dollars, and that it was a great mistake not to accept him; furthermore that the express charge of ten dollars was an error, all the cost of transportation having been prepaid in full. The President's countenance was instantly overcharged with the gloom of a conscious blunder. He saw at a glance that he had acted hastily in not receiving the dog, and his first inquiry on recovering his self-possession was as to how he could retrieve that false step. The dog was now the property of a colored citizen, and the occupant of an inverted dry goods box in a back yard adjoining the White House grounds. The President directed Dent to proceed thither and negotiate, if possible, for the surrender of the animal on payment of costs. But the colored citizen, who is said to be an excellent judge of dogs, was not easily persuaded into this arrangement, and at last accounts he and Dent were discussing the matter in a very animated and excited style of language. But Dent was evidently getting the worst of it.

DICK LAMBERT writes from Washington to the San Francisco *Chronicle*: It is surmised that two distinct factions of the Republican party in the Senate will soon be formed—Grant and anti-Grant. Unless a Southern man of their own selection is nominated for the Supreme Bench, open rebellion will be immediately proclaimed. This is only the beginning. There is bound to be a new deal of parties. Democracy and Radicalism will have to be dropped. Conservatism, with Chief Justice Chase at the head, and Republicanism, with President Grant or Secretary Boutwell as standard bearer, appears to be the programme to-day in Washington. The National Union Republican party proper is full of jealousies, dissensions and disappointed office seekers, almost enough to defeat the party, as in the State election when Secretary Gorham was candidate for Governor of California, but on a larger scale. The prevailing desire from all quarters appears to be the defeat of some one; we hear of very little movement to sustain or advance anybody.

Highly Encouraging.

In conversation with A. S. Gould, a California pioneer, who has been residing in Chicago for a year or so, doing business there in "homesteads" and who reached Sacramento yesterday, in four and a half days from Chicago, we learned that the prospects for a large influx of strangers to our coast in the coming summer is highly encouraging. Mr. Gould has lately arrived from England where he spent several weeks, and he declares that, so far as he could judge from his observations there, that thousands of Europeans who heretofore have been in the habit of making summer tours on their own continent, in Asia and Africa, will this year, now that the continental road is in fine operating order, come to California. And the rush of American travelers will, this year, be west in place of east. Of this class we will have a multitude. They will not stay with us, or but a few of them at best, but they will carry back with them favorable impressions of our country, and will ever after be advertisements in their respective neighborhoods and circles, and will thus be the means of inducing many to follow their example, and of sending among us thousands to permanently reside.

The depression in business throughout the east is working to our advantage. Numbers have to seek new pursuits—they look westward, and California is their objective point. Once started, many of them will not stop until they shall have reached our shores, for the time is but a few days more or less, and the additional cost but a trifle to those who can afford it. He told of a company, in Central New York, consisting of two hundred and fifty to three hundred persons, who are preparing to come in May with the intention of settling in the San Joaquin valley—and he doubts not that there are many such of whom he has heard nothing. Every day, commencing about the middle of April, the trains coming west will, he thinks, be well patronized.

Superintendent Hammond, of the Union Pacific, told him that he intends to put emigrant cars on the fast freight train, and will take passengers from New York to San Francisco at $50 per head if the other roads agree. (The Central made a similar proposition to the Union Pacific and all the other roads last summer, but so far has not obtained their consent.) The Union Pacific will erect cheap eating-houses along the line for these emigrants and will encourage this travel by every means in their power.

The whole Pacific railroad, he says, is in splendid condition—the best on the continent, save only the Southern Michigan and Lake Shore road—and is better officered than any of them. He looks upon that road as the great artery through which new life and enterprise and wealth is to flow in upon us; but we must, San Francisco must, get off of her high horse and enter upon a new style of business, or she will be crushed and her present phlegmatic merchants will be pushed to the wall, while others, better qualified to contend in the battle of mercantile life, will take their places. There is a bright prospect before us, but we must be equal to the emergency.—*Bee.*

Regulations for Lent, 1870.

FOR THE DIOCESE OF SAN FRANCISCO.

1. All the WEEK DAYS of Lent, from Ash-Wednesday, till Easter Sunday, are fast days of precept, on one meal, with the allowance of a modern collation.

2. The precept of fasting implies also that of abstinence from the use of flesh meat. But, by dispensation, the use of flesh meat is allowed in this Diocese during Lent, except on the following days, to wit: the Wednesdays, and Fridays, the Ember-days, and the Thursday and Saturday of Holy Week; on which there is no leave to use flesh meat, except by dispensation from the respective Pastors, which they are hereby authorized to grant in case of necessity, to be judged by them. All Saturdays are also days of abstinence, but not of obligation.

3. The promiscuous use of flesh and flesh meat at the same meal is forbidden in Lent, even on Sunday.

4. Some prayers, at option, are recommended during Lent, particularly on those days in which flesh meat is used.

5. Lent being a penitential time, the Pastors are requested to lay before the Faithful, the importance of mortification, and the grevious obligation of complying with their Easter duty, which may be fulfilled from the first Sunday of Lent; they will frequently and earnestly impress upon their respective flocks the necessity of attending, before all other things, to the salvation of their souls, and they will exhort them to the faithful discharge of their Christian duties, the only thing that can secure to us the everlasting happiness of heaven. For this purpose they will hold religious exercises in their churches several times a week, according to what their prudence may deem expedient.

† JAMES CROOKE, V. G.
Aministrator.

San Francisco, February, 23d, 1870.

THE LITIGANT BILL.—The Oakland *Transcript* thus recapitulates, at the close of a long and able article in advocacy of the litigant bill: The passage of the substitute for the original "Litigant Bill," will attain several objects of vital importance to every business man in the State. It will secure certainty; guard "against accident or surprise;" it will render it unnecessary for persons seeking notices to read every county newspaper to find out whether they are involved as defendants in law suits and it will *greatly cheapen* the prices for legal advertising. Another reason in favor of this bill is, that it will nullify the effect of fictitious suits. How many cases have occurred, where non-residents have been sued and judgment rendered, without a personal appearance or a vigorous defense? How many of these cases are trumped up by scheming "land-grabbers" who shrewdly make an enforcement of the law minister to their own selfish rapacity. The people of Oakland, at least, know that many just such suits, where publication has been made and no defense attempted, have contributed materially to cast a cloud over many land titles which should be as clear as noonday sun.

A NEW YORK dispatch, of February 25th, says: "To-day was a marked and important era in the National credit. The 1881 bonds, or long 6's, sold at 117¼ @118; at the same time gold was at these figures—thus reaching par in gold."

Secret History of the John Brown Raid on Harper's Ferry.

[From the Detroit Post, Feb. 7th.]

Brown and five of his men arrived in Detroit with 14 slaves from Missouri, in the Summer of 1858. One of the slaves gave birth to a child on the way. The boy was named John Brown, and now lives in Windsor. By a strange coincidence Fred Douglass happened to be lecturing in this city the same evening that Brown arrived. After the lecture the leaders of the insurrectionary movement got together in the house of William Webb, on Congress street, near Antoine street, and arranged the the plan for the raid on the South, which broke out prematurely at Harper's Ferry. Mr. Webb was for years manager of the plug tobacco factory on Jefferson avenue, and was a highly respected man. He is now dead. The leading colored people of Detroit and Chatham were also present at the meeting. Douglass objected to Brown's plan, which originally was to make raids on single plantations until he had collected a force of about 1,000 slaves, and then swoop down on the large towns and cities, collecting force and material as he progressed. Brown grew wrathy, and asked Douglass if he was a coward, and refferred to his success in Kansas as an augury of the Virginia campaign. Douglass replied that he was not a coward, and would give material aid to the plan if he did not approve of it, or did not go himself. George De Baptiste also disapproved of the plan, but proposed a gunpowder plot, by which some fifteen of the largest churches in the South would be blown up on a fixed Sunday. Brown objected to that plan on the score of humanity, asserting that by this plan a hundred lives would be lost, his intention being not to shed blood until it became absolutely necessary. De Baptiste still urged radical measures, declaring that Brown's plan would fail, and perhaps cause the loss of a million of lives before the troubles likelp to ensue would be ended. He cited, in support of his position, the fact that the Nat Turner insurrection, in 1831, by which fifty-three white lives were lost, had had the effect of causing the Virginia Legislature to consider a bill for the gradual emancipation of the slaves, which bill was lost by only two votes.

Ossawatomie's counsel finally prevailed, and the only favor, besides money and advice, that he asked of his Detroit friends was to furnish him one man, which they did—a Chathamite. The news of the disturbance at Harper's Ferry, which took the nation with so much surprise, was perfectly well understood by the colored people of this city. They were anticipating the event, since one Foster had divulged in Washington the plans of Brown, who, in consequence, was obliged either to abandon his enterprise or precipitate matters even at fearful odds. He chose the latter alternative. The sequel is sufficiently well known. These facts, however, have been kept with sworn secrecy, until lately, by the colored men of Detroit.

The particulars have never been published. It may be only necessary to add that subsequent to the meeting at Webb's house, on Congress street, a meeting was held in Chatham, at which the "cap sheaf" was put on the plan. Now that the negroes are equal, politically, before the law, they have no fear in letting their connection in this affair be known. They glory in it.

THE RECENT SUICIDE AT NIAGARA. The following are some of the particulars of a recent suicide at Niagara Falls: Samuel Colt, a witness of the suicide of James Pierce, by leaping into the Niagara river from the suspension bridge, writes to the Buffalo *Commercial* that he and his brother were returning from the Canada side, and found Pierce about midway of the bridge, sitting outside of the railing of the bridge, not noticing him till we had arrived nearly opposite. Our suspicions were instantly aroused that he had taken the position for jumping off. They were allayed, however, upon receiving an assurance from him that he had come to look at the rapids. We entered into a conversation with him of several minutes' duration, on various topics, during which he made not the slightest allusion to any trouble upon his mind, nor did we perceive any incoherency in what he said. At length we made a move as if to pass on, and he arose as if to climb back over the railing; but he jumped, saying as he did so, "Good-by, boys, I am going." Had I been completely disarmed of my suspicions as to his intention of jumping off, I could have seized him by the arm, but could not have saved him, as his weight would have instantly carried him from my grasp. As it was, we sprang forward only to see him away off backward with his head gradually gaining in momentum upon his feet, so that his face was soon upturned full to ours, striking the water with his back, making a sharp, clear sound, rising distinctly above the rapids. He disappeared for a moment, but soon came up with a toss to the surface, with his back upward, whirling around and disappearing in the spray and breakers a few hundred yards below. It has been my lot in life to witness a number of violent deaths—men shot through the head in quarrels, men hung by mob law, men shot by Indians—but never have I experienced such an indescribable feeling of horror as I experienced at witnessing this terrible death.

SPONGING ON THE PRINTER.—The following from a Massachusetts paper, is so true, that we give it publication and indorsement. It says:

A great many societies, associations, and people generally, have queer notions about printers. They think we can puff and publish for nothing. Let us give you an instance: A man is desirous of advertising, and after making a contract for half a dozen lines, and beating us down to half price, he wants to know if we can't throw in an editorial puff, which in itself is worth more than an advertisement. Would it not be as sensible to ask a grocer to throw in a pound of tea? People forget that ink and paper cost money, and they seem astonished if we ask pay for a card of thanks, and a tribute of respect, or a personal communication, or anything that only interests a few persons and not the general reader. They forget that it is the printer's ink that makes nine-tenths of their immense fortunes; they forget that it takes money to pay compositors, to buy ink, type and paper; and lastly, they forget even to thank you for working for nothing, by gratuitiously puffing their business or serving the public. Did you ever hear of anybody, or any corporation thanking an editor for what he has done? Guess not.

Prospects of the National Democracy.

The New York *Herald* prints a leader discussing the Republican party and the Presidential succession, the concluding paragraphs of which are these:

Looking at the division in the dominant party on the vital questions of public policy, at its violated promises and short comings, at its reckless extravagance, at its want of defined principles in the management of public affairs and at its indifference with regard to supporting the administration it has chosen, we are naturally led to inquire what prospect there is for perpetuating its power, and what chance there may be for the opposition party. There was a positive issue on the slavery question—the one, in fact, which brought the Republicans into power, as there was, too, in the prosecution of the war; but neither exists any longer. The Republicans, however, have used the slavery agitation and the war for political capital long after the questions were settled and until they are worn out. The people are tired of them, and look for other questions or issues that bear upon the present future. In this respect the dominant party does not meet the wants and expectations of the country, for, as we said, it has no positive policy, no platform of principles, and no unity of cohesiveness beyond that which the spoils of office give. Who, then, is to govern this great country? What party can take the place of the one in power? Are we to drift along in this negative way without principles or statesmen, or shall we have a party with a defined policy that will represent the sentiment of the country and the living issues of the day?

The Democrats have a good prospect before them if they know how to use their opportunity—if they will leave the dead past and take a new departure in accordance with established facts and the spirit of the times. They may elect the next President, through General Grant may be again the candidate of the Republicans. Even his popularity and glorious war record would hardly outweigh the failures of his administration, the shortcomings of the Republican party and the desire of the people for a change. The great State of New York has taken the lead already in a political revolution favorable to the Democrats. In the last elections for members of Congress they gained considerably, and in many local elections they have shown signs of returning life. Although the Radicals have made extraordinary efforts to establish their power in the Southern States they have evidently overreached themselves, and there is little doubt that these States will be Democratic. A large part of the negroes will go with the white people on political questions; for they will see that their interests are identical, and it requires no prophet to tell us what party the Southerners will affiliate with. Judging from all the signs of the times, the Democrats have a good chance for the Presidential succession three years hence. But they will lose that if they adhere to their old exploded dogmas, and attempt to undo what has been accomplished by and in consequence of the war. Our Northern Democrats must accept the platform and policy of the southerners, with all the concessions to the negroes and the amendments to the Constitution. They cannot go back and succeed; for the mass of the people are opposed to a counter-revolution. However much opposed before to some of the changes that have been made, they accept them now and want peace. Let the Democrats, then, drop the dead past; let them be progressive and broadly national; and let them adopt a policy suited to the present and looking to the future, and they may secure the Presidential succession and a long lease of power.

THE SALMON ASCENDING THE COLUMBIA RIVER.—Over jagged stones thrown on each other in a jutting wall twenty or thirty feet high, and hardly forty feet wide, pours the great flood of the Columbia, with a roar and fury that drowns all other sound. We stood on separate points, and tried to talk to each other in explicable dumb show, and then we forgot to talk and only looked. Up the stream, through the fierce and sucking rapids, white against the black stones that here and there tear the water, flash the swift, strong, glittering salmon. They come a few together, then a larger multitude, then the whole river from side to side is dark with their innumerable host. The indomitable creatures mean to get up the river to spawn, and they mind that precipice and torrent no more than if it were a summer pool within its little margent. They swim swiftly and stately to the very foot, where you lose them in the boiling white whirlpool. Something flashes in the air, elastic, strong light. The daring, determined, wonderful thing, has made that leap, defied rock and torrent, and found its safe home in the smoothe run beyond. Or there is a flash, and then a struggle, and the poor, bruised creature, wounded to death against the sharp-edged stones, drops back into the stream, and floats down a bloody track, dying after a little. So they come, and come, and come, such myriads of them, and leap, and win or lose, for all the hours of the day, and for half the days of the year.—*Mrs. L. G. Calhoun.*

A NEW EXPEDITION TO THE POLE. Captain C. F. Hall proposes another expedition to the North Pole. He writes to the New York *Herald* as follows concerning his plan:

"My plan is to have two small vessels of about 150 tons each—one a steamer, the same to be sailing rigged, and the other a sailing vessel, and manned by twelve men. My purpose is on getting into the Arctic regions to lose no opportunity of acquiring the fresh provision of the country, which course will insure my command against all possible danger from that curse to Arctic expeditions, the scurvy. As a general thing my staple diet, and so of my company, will be as formerly, raw meat and train oil. I confidently believe I will be able to reach the North Pole and return in three years; but should I find that it would require one or two additional years to complete the object of the voyage and travel, I will continue that time."

THERE are sixty-two books in the Bible, written by forty different men. Some were written by statesmen, some by kings, some by shepherds, some by herdsmen, some by vinedressers, some by prophets and apostles, some by physicians. The authors lived in different countries, and wrote in different ages of the world, there having been 1,500 years from the writing of the first book to that of the last. Yet there are no special contradictions, but a wonderful harmony through the whole.

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

Saturday, March 5th, 1870.

RECEIPTS.—The gross receipts of the musical festival, reach about $47,000. Expenses not known.

A CHANGE.—Wisconsin is contemplating a proposition to move her capital from Madison to Milwaukie.

SUSPENEED.—The only Republican paper in Mendocino county, the *Herald*, has suspended publication.

LOW RATES.—The Hiberian Bank, of San Francisco, has reduced the rates of interest to ten per cent. per annum.

REPUBLICAN OPINION. — The *Bee* holds that Tulare county should pay for property destroyed by State troops.

DIED OF HIS INJURIES.—The boy Moses Franklin, who was injured by the premature discharge of a cannon at the musical festival, died Sunday morning.

NEW OFFICERS.—The County officers elect will take posession of their offices on the first Monday of the current month—March 6th, 1870.

GOLD YIELD.—From one to two hundred ounces of gold are brought into Los Angeles weekly from the mines of Southern California.

GRAIN MARKET. — F. S. Freeman furnishes us the following figures: Wheat, $1 35; choice quality, $1 37½@1 40. Barley, $1@1 05 per 100 lbs.

GREEN-BACKS 87½ CTS.—The Assessor of Internal Revenue has fixed the rates at which green-backs will be received during the month of March at 87½ cts.

STOP IT.—The Postmaster General renews his request for the refusal of the franking privilege. He says it now costs the Government $2,200,000 per year.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The clergy costs the United States $12,000,000, per annum. the criminals $40,000,000, the lawyers $70,000,000, and rum $200,000,000.

REVELS NOT A "NIGGER."—*Figaro* says it has been decided that the new Senator, Revels, is more than half Incian and less than half "Nigger," and he may therefore take his seat.

A SCIENTIFIC agent employed by the railroad company has verified the fact that five thousand square miles of coal lands lie between the line of the Union Pacific Railroad and the Arkansas river.

REVELS.—It turns out that Revels, the negro United States Senator elect from Mississippi, stole $1,150 from a church, of which he was pastor, in Leavenworth, Kansas. This fact was proven in the courts.

THE GOOD TIME COMING.—In view of the excellent prospect ahead for abundant crops in this county, the present is a good time for those who are not taking the DEMOCRAT to subscribe for it, and also for any who are in arrears to call and settle their indebtedness.

NEW DAILY PAPER.—We have received several numbers of the *Daily Morning Gazette*, which has been established at Napa City by L. Barnes & Co. It is a very neat little paper, and we extend our best wishes for the success of its enterprising publishers.

REGISTRY LAW.—The Assembly has passed Mooney's bill repealing the Registry Law. Many persons think that the present law is a great humbug, but that a registry law is in its idea a good thing, and that an unobjectionable law might be framed—provided Horace Hawes didn't draw it.

PREMIUMS FOR STEAM PLOWS.—Mr. Minis has introduced in the Assembly a bill to encourage agriculture, which offers $50,000 to any person or persons, who introduce within three years, ten steam plows capable of plowing and seeding forty acres of land per day, and $1,00,000 for forty such plows introduced within five years.

A DEVIL WANTED.—The following is from the Yuba City *Banner*: Our devil left us last week, and we have been out of "sorts" ever since. We want a devil; must have him. We prefer one from the country. None need apply who drink, chew, smoke, lie or steal. He will be at liberty to call on the young Misses, provided he is at home by 8 o'clock, P. M.

GOOD NEWS.—The Solano *Democrat* (Vallejo) says: "We are pleased to learn that the prospects that wheat will be shipped in bulk another season are flattering, and that the Elevator Company are anticipating it by commencing to build conveniences at the stations along the railroad, so that wheat may be delivered in bulk at such stations and shipped in close cars to the Elevator.

TAXATION. — The Santa Barbara *Times* says that two firms in Santa Barbara own a grand total of 296,492 acres of land, including the choicest land in the country, which is assessed at only $94,390, or little more than thirty cents an acre on an average! There are tracts of land belonging to Messrs. Dibble, Cooper, Hollister and Beard, amounting to 310,189 acres, assessed at only $103,693. Two of the owners of the above property, Dibble and Beard, are members of the Board of Supervisors, and sat in the Board of Equalization to pass upon the assessment of their own property. The total real estate assessment in Santa Barbara county this year is $752,864, and the writer in the *Times* says the above properties should have been assessed for twice as much as the entire property of the county is assessed for. We want a State Board of Equalization.

THE ACTION OF CONGRESS.

Congress, step by step, continues to override all the reserved rights of the States, as well as those guaranteed to every citizen by the Constitution of the country. The Radical papers begin to see what the end must be if the usurpations of that body go farther. Here is an extract from one of the most blinded, ultra Radical papers on this coast, from which we are led to judge that even the *Alta* is becoming alarmed at the encroachments of Congress upon the rights and powers of the States:

"Very soon there will be no necessity for the assembling of State Legislatures, at all. Congress seems to be determined to do all the legislation of the country. Upon every relation of life, almost, the shadow of that huge and powerful body is falling portentously. The last manifestation of this sort is the introduction of a bill in the Senate by Mr. Wilson to prevent the practice of prize fighting. * * * This among other propositions, goes to show the direction in which we are traveling, if indeed the journey has not already been made. Civil rights, citizenship, currency, pilot regulations, harbor dues, prize-fights regulated by Congress, deprive State Legislatures of much of their old scope and field of action."

The people of this great and once free country have held out their willing arms for the chains which Republicanism has forged for them, till they are now under one of the most exacting and despotic governments on the face of the earth; and if Congress can have its way, without the interposition of the Judiciary, the people will be powerless to help themselves. The action of Congress, as the *Alta* truly remarks, "goes to show the direction in which we are traveling, *if indeed the journey has not already been made.*" And yet the radical papers have stood idly by—nay, rather, they have so blinded the people that these false Representatives have been placed over us, who, instead of acting as the servants of the people, now boldly proclaim themselves masters. With the radical press of the country rests the responsibility for this state of things—it is largely responsible. Our only hope now is in the incorruptibility of the Supreme Court, and in the ultimate determination of the American people not to become the abject slaves of Congress, which is but the creation of the people.

REPUBLICAN PARTY IN DANGER.—The New York *Times* says "it must not be fogotten by those who have, or think they have it in charge, that the excitement which called the Republican party into existence, and enabled it to achieve its victories, is rapidly dying out, and that the excitement gone, the number of stragglers and deserters will naturally be greatly increased. A greater or less number of its members are growing lukewarm; others are losing or have lost their interest in politics altogether; others have their attention diverted by State affairs, or purely financial affairs, and it must be remembered that the Republican majority has not in any State, except in one or two of the critical years of the war, been sufficiently large to bear much reduction. Just now the party barely holds its own in several States. It has lost the control of this, and with what mischief to the public interest yet remains to be seen. It is, therefore, hardly safe to be overstrict in exacting uniformity of opinion amongst its members on all points that may come up."

The New York *Sun*, a paper of Republican proclivities, says the Administration is thoroughly demoralized, and the Republican party divided, and points as evidence of the fact to the legal tender decision, the feeling on Grant's judicial nominations, and the division on the tariff question. They are the fore-runners of the gale that will wreck the rotten craft.

STATE CAPITAL REPORTER.—Under the new management, with Henry George as editor, the *Reporter* has been wonderfully improved. Mr. George has earned for himself the reputation of being one of the best newspaper men on this coast, and now that he has the opportunity to exercise his talents on the organ of the Democracy at the State Capital, we predict for him and for the *Reporter*, a prosperous and brilliant future. The Democracy will have an able and faithful advocate in their central organ hereafter, and we doubt not the party will be strengthened and the country benefitted. Mr. George's experience as telegraphic news agent at the East, together with his connection with various leading journals in San Francisco and elsewhere, are sufficient to insure a first-class news department in the *Reporter*. We recommend it to all who want a daily paper. An able corps of writers and reporters will assist to make it complete in every department.

FAIR PLAY.—The *Mail* gives us credit for a paragraph published last week and properly credited to the *Call*, setting forth an improvement in financial matters. Meeting our approval it was adopted, with the authority for it. The item referred to indicated an early resumption of specie payment. We believe in endorsing the right, wherever found, and not, like our neighbor, in condemning everything, good or bad, which is under the management of, or emanates from, our political opponents. The *Mail* man's head is level in his opposition to a further issue of greenbacks *after* the Senate refused to sanction a resolution which passed the House to that effect.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—The *State Capital Reporter* announces that that paper will, for the future, enjoy the privilege which the *Union* has for years enjoyed, and will be the first to publish all decisions of the Supreme Court. This will make it a necessity to every lawyer in the State, and gives it at once a large additional circulation.

Loss of the Steamer Golden City.

This splendid steamer, one of the finest of the Panama line, was wrecked on the 22d of February, near Cape St. Lazaro, Lower California, and about 900 miles from San Francisco. She was bound for Panama with passengers for New York, all of whom, with the officers and crew, were safely landed on a barren, desolate shore. The treasure, baggage, and sufficient provisions and water were also landed. After remaining there two or three days they were taken off by the Colorado, which fortunately happened to be coming up, and which arrived at San Francisco on Tuesday last.

A passenger gives the following account: But few persons were out of bed when the vessel struck. There was a dense fog at the time, and the weather was calm and hot. The ship run, bow on, to a reef and stuck fast. All efforts proving futule to get her off, the Captain gave orders for fhe passengers to be taken ashore, which was successfully accomplished while the sea remained tranquil. It is useless to paint the distress that occurred among the women, children and old men. Many of them became so ill that they could not move, and when ordered to proceed to the Bay where the Colorado was waiting, had to be carried on litters. Language is inadequate to express the sufferings that many of the feeble underwent. On Wednesday, the day after we landed, it was deemed unadvisable to go to the vessel any more, and by night she was a complete wreck. Some fresh water, enough to afford each passenger a gill per day, was brought ashore, and a quantity of hard-tack, besides a lot of potatoes. Another party says: There was no water to be found anywhere, nothing but cactus and snakes. Any person who could subsist on these would find the camp a paradise to live in. After a long and tiresome march, the majority of the passengers—some remaining at the camp and others being left accidentally behind—reached Margarita Bay, and were transferred to the Colorado on Friday. Had we not been fortunate to have discovered the steamer, the Lord only knows what would have become of us.

CERTAINLY.—"Since the DEMOCRAT calls them [the *soldiers* who destroyed the Hall & Garrison press] a 'villainous gang of partisan soldiery,' will it please tell us to what party they belong?" This question is propounded by the *Mail*. We answer: To the party of proscription and tyranny; to the party of anarchy and misrule; to the party who deny an equal voice in the government to their own equals (not to say their betters) where they have the power to enforce it, and who elevate to public office the ignorant negro, to the everlasting disgrace of the nation; to the party of centralization, whose majority in Congress are endeavoring to usurp all the powers of the Federal Government; to the party which is trying to force the odious Fifteenth Amendment upon the country; to the party which seeks to make the idol-worshipping, rat-eating, filthy and degraded Chinaman the political equal of white men; to the party which ignores the Constitution framed by the fathers of the Republic, whenever its provisions conflict with the ideas of Radicalism; to the party which hangs women for offences of which they are not guilty; to the party of isms and theories; to the party, in fine, which respects not private property, private or political rights, and whose presses (*vide* the *Mail*,) glory over the destruction of printing offices for an expression of opinion, and then say of the owners, "they ought to feel thankful that their lives were spared." In the interest of *that* party were the "soldierly mob" acting, the party to which you claim allegiance—the Republican, or misnamed *Union* party.

INDEED!—The *Mail* doesn't seem to have a very exalted idea of "modern Democracy." For the credit of all connected with that paper, that "mysterious blot" had better have been let alone, as the more it is stirred the worse it—appears to those who understand it. We stated that in his attempted explanation the writer had "put his foot in it," to which the last issue responds: "All right; let it remain. We would rather have it there" (the *Mail* can best explain where,) "than in the ranks of the modern Democracy." But we can afford to be lenient, as that same "moderen Democracy" comprises about two-thirds of the voters hereabouts. Besides it isn't to be expected that one capable of such an utterance as is above quoted, could reach so high a standard as modern Democracy. Guess the "modern Democracy" will survive, nevertheless.

A MILD carpet-bag swindle, by the Legislature of Florida, has just been unearthed. A law has been passed, giving to certain railroad companies in Florida, $8,000,000 of gold bearing State bonds—equivalent in currency to $10,000,000. An interesting feature in the little game is that all these bonds are to be issued before a dollar is expended on any road, and no security is given the State beyond the names of the officers of the companies. The total taxable property of Florida under the latest assessment is placed at $25,000,000, with a population of 140,000. Under carpet-bag rule these people have fallen heir to a little debt of $11,000,000. Singularly economical gentlemen, these Radicals. It is gratifying to know that every Democrat in the Legislature voted against these railroad swindles.

THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.—Public debt statement shows the total debt and decrease is $2,651,668,795 43. The amount in the Treasury in coin is $102,400,739 97; in currency, $10,280,285 60. The decrease in the debt for March is $6,484,811 75; since March 1st., one year ago, the decrease is $87,189,782 39. Bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Company, interest payable in lawful money—amount outstanding, $64,407,320; interest accrued, not yet paid, $637,541 29; interest paid by U. S. $6,881,664 96; Internal, repaid by transportation; $1,994,074 81; blance of interest paid by U. S. $5,887,590 35.

Letter from Tulare County.

ROLLING RANCH, DEER CREEK, February 24th, 1870.

ED. DEMOCRAT:—Again I feel inclined to write a few lines to your excellent paper. Through it I can communicate with many of my old friends in Yolo, for they certainly all take it. If they do not, they by no means discharge their duty as Democrats. And, by the way, if many of my old Republican friends would subscribe and peruse its columns more, it might cause that "veil of darkness" to be lifted, which has so long o'erhung their optics, thereby enabling them to see their way more clearly.

In my former letter I stated that no rain had fallen, up to that time, with the exception of a shower in November, and that all the grass and grain that came up had died, also that the whole country looked as dry as in mid-summer. For a while poverty and distress seemed to stare everyone in the face. Cattle and sheep were dying by hundreds in many places. Those that survived were driven by their owners into the mountains to keep them alive if possible. But, thanks be to Him "who doeth all things well," we are at last blessed with a bountiful rain. On the 9th of February it commenced raining moderately, and it has rained every two or three days since. It rained all yesterday, some last night and a heavy shower this morning, and it is still threatening. The ground is wet some fifteen inches, and it will not take much more to wet it through to where it is moist. Our grain that had not come up is now up and doing nicely. I never saw grass grow so fast in my life. Our prospects for a heavy hay crop is good, and if we have our usual spring rains we will have considerable grain. I have rented a ranch on Deer Creek where I expect to garden extensively, also raise some grain; per consequence I expect to do very well.

I never saw so happy a change as has come over the people. Everyone seems well pleased, therefore are happy and content, and the general prosperity of the county promises good. Before the rain, barley had gone up to 4½ and scarce at that; Hay was not to be had at any price; flour was held at $12 and $13 per barrel. "Mast fed" bacon was worth 25 cts. per pound. Sweet and Irish potatoes 5 cts. per pound. As good luck would have it last Fall I bought enough hay and barley to last my team until the 1st of April. By that time we will have plenty of feed. If we are permitted to eut hay at all this season, we will not stop as long as there is a green thing to cut.

We congratulate the good people of Yolo on the flattering prospects for a heavy crop, and their prosperity in general. We wish them an abundant success in peace and happiness, for they certainly deserve it. We think there cannot be found a more noble and generous people than live within the limits of old Yolo, and none more deserving the well wishes of all good men. And Woodland—may her citizens so conduct her affairs that she may be worthy to be called one of the first inland towns in the State. She has many advantages that are not fully appreciated by her people. Her moral and religious standard is high for California. Her people are sensitive as to what is right. Her common school system is good, and her College would be an ornament to any city in the State. Long live old Hesperian, her influence over the social and intellectual interests of the whole community is like a morning shower on the drooping grass, to be seen and felt for miles around. May she continue to prosper until she becomes the first institution of learning on the Pacific Coast. With many well wishes for your future prosperity,

I remain yours respectfully,
E. H. BAKER.

TOO MUCH CENSURE.—Undoubtedly it has been too much the practice with a portion of the Press of California, says the *Call*, to find fault with the action of the Legislature. The mere introduction of a bill has, in some instances, been commented upon in a censorious way, when there was little or no prospect of its passage. This is wrong. The acts of the members of the Legislature should be fairly considered, and that which they refuse to do should be placed to their credit, as much as if they had passed bills conferring benefits upon the public. Indeed, there are schemes originated every session, and brought before the Legislature, which are iniquitous in their designs. These are killed, but who obtains credit therefor? It is more difficult to defeat a bill than it is, oftentimes, to pass a good one If there be a disposition to find fault; we say, at least wait until the Legislature adjourns, or point out those measures which are believed to be bad, and condemn them, but not censure every measure, good or bad.

LOSS OF THE U. S. STEAMER ONEIDA.—On the 24th of January, the above vessel sailed from Yokohoma homeward bound, and when about 20 miles out was run into by the British iron mail steamer Bombay, which cut her nearly in two, from the effects of which she went down in about twenty fathoms of water, carrying with her twenty officers and ninety-five men to a watery grave. It is said the Bombay refused to render any assistance to the disabled steamer, and as the Oneida was not provided with a sufficient number of boats over a hundred lives are inhumanly sacrificed.

WHAT A HEAVY LOSS!—The Grass Valley *Union* says: If Donner county is created, Placer county will lose several well known places, and the glory of much of her history. Ground Hog Glory, Hell's Delight, Miller's Defeat, Ladies' Canyon, Devil's Basin, Hell's Half-Acre, and a few other places of like significance will be in the new county. Shirt-Tail Canyon, however, will be retained in Placer county. Placer should fight the new county in order to retain her glorious nomenclature of towns.

County Superintendent.

BUCKEYE, Feb. 26th, 1870.

ED. DEMOCRAT:—In the DEMOCRAT of Feb. 19th, we noticed an editorial, headed "County Superintendent," in which you propose that the Board of Supervisors shall increase the salary of that office twenty-five per cent. As a tax-payer, as one interested in the protection of public interest and purse, we think we have a right to speak, and would respectively demand a hearing through your colums. We thought the watch-word of Democracy, in the last campaign, was reform, retrenchment, economy, and to abolish excessive taxation; but the principles which were enunciated so boldly, and those that you seemed desirous of inculcating in the people generally, you fail to practice. You entirely ignore the fact that all the resources, and energies of the people are already taxed to death, and you still demand more blood from the pockets of the laboring men—farmers, mechanics, producers—every man that is now taxed until he holds his breath; you would tax him just a little more, to make him gasp his last. And, pray, for what? To enrich, to fill the coffers, to increase the salary of the County Superintendent the snug little sum of twenty-five per cent., when he is not actually employed more than one-fourth of his time. And it will take something more than a simple statement, to convince the taxpayers of Yolo county that $647 50 is not a sufficient remuner ation for his labor. If twenty-five per cent. more would be an adequate sum for his undivided time and labor, $647-50 that he now receives, would certainly compensate him for three-fourths of his time, and that would be about nine months in each year, about as long as the most of schools are in session. We, as much as any one, desire to see the masses of the rising generation virtuous, good and intelligent, and are willing to contribute a reasonable amount to make them so; but not willing to become servile, abject slaves, to enrich idle, avaricious officers. If the Superintendent does not wish to devote his time and labor for the above consideration, and is not satisfied with reasonable wages, let him plow, sow, reap, go to work, resign; others can and will fill his office. We wish to see the enterprise and industry of the country relieved from a taxation that is burdening the people, and crushing vitality out of every avenue of labor. If Mr. Darby's salary is increased, it will be but a beginning of salaries to be increased in the county. And instead of a dozen tax-payers opposed to it, we verily believe nine-tenths would veto it. We hope the Board of Supervisors will listen to the *vox populi*, and do no such foolish thing. We hope the Board of Supervisors will not prostitute the official dignity of their office, to make such useless, soulless extravagant appropriation of public treasure, when the sum is more than sufficient already. Respectfully yours,

WM. J. CAMPBELL.

THE DIFFERENCE.—We present below a short abstract of recent Congressional proceedings, and leave an intelligent public to judge which is the proper course to pursue.

Mr. Stewart (Radical) believed that the policy of distributing public lands to railroads was the best that could be pursued. He did not propose to leave the public domain as a heritage for future generations, but would have the present age realize the greatness and grandeur of the country. The country demands opportunity for expansion West. Railroads were an efficient means to develop the country; therefore he wanted more railroads.

Mr. Casserly (Democrat) spoke in decided opposition to distributing the public domain in parcels to railroads. That railroads had contributed to develop the material wealth of the country, was not a sufficient argument to entitle them to rule the country. He claimed that the Government held these lands in trust, not only for the present generation, but for millions to come hereafter.

GRANT ON CARPET-BAGGERS.—It is rarely, says the *Examiner*, that we find matter for endorsement in the sayings of Mr. Grant, but the following hit at the carpet-baggers meets our cordial approval. The President, says a Washington correspondent, told a Senator the other day that there was not a Radical in the entire South who was qualified to be placed on the Supreme Bench, and that everbody else there who was qualified by education and ability for such a position, was disqualified in other respects for such appointment. This is the worst cut carpet-bagism has yet received, and coming as it does from the head of the nation may be taken as a sufficient reason why he adheres to the Northern States in selecting appointees for the Southern vacancies on the Supreme Bench with such pertinacity. It seems more probable now that both Judge Strong and Judge Bradley will be confirmed.

THE LOSS OF THE ONEIDA.—The Navy Department at Washington had had nothing up to March 1st., by which to relieve or allay the terrible suspense of those most interested in the particulars of the Oneida disaster. A letter was received there by Collector Tullock from his son, Paymaster Tullock, of the Oneida, dated January 23d, in which he mentioned that the home pennant had been hoisted and farewells made with their friends of the squadron who were to remain on the station. Admiral Porter says the present complement of the Oneida will not fall much short of 160 souls. It is impossible to obtain a perfect list of the officers and crew of the vessel because she was about to leave China for New York, and some transfers, both among officers and men, in the squadron to which she belonged, probably took place, particularly in the case of men who had yet to serve some time on their enlistment, while others, belonging to other United States vessels in the same squadron, whose terms of service had expired, or were about to expire, would be transferred to the Oneida for home passage.

D. RAY. A. B. MEHRING.

Drs. RAY & MEHRING.

Have this day associated themselves together for the purpose of practicing Medicine and Surgery.

Woodland, March 1st, 1870. mar5-3m

Resurrection of a Man who had been Hanged.

A short time ago, one Kriel was hanged at Louisville, and after remaining suspended the usual length of time, the body was obtained by some physicians, who proceeded to try the effects of a galvanic battery for the restoration of life. The following strange particulars are given in one of the Louisville papers:

Near midnight a light wagon was driven rapidly out Walnut street, in which were seated three muffled silent figures, one of them a surgeon of great experimental knowledge—a firm believer in the theory of resuscitation of animal life through the galvanic process. In the wagon were a mattress and several dark blankets. The wagon halted near the cemetery fence; the horse was held by the driver and two men went to the vault, carrying between them a large sack, well filled. In a short time they returned, bearing a motionless figure, shrouded in a blanket. The figure was placed on a mattress, and in silence the wagon was driven back to the city. The body was conveyed to the surgery of a most skillful and learned surgeon, where some ten or twelve excited and expectant students stood anxiously awaiting the arrival of the strange party. The body was placed in a recumbent position on the table, the clothing unloosed, tne chest extended, and an incision made in one of the veins of the arm. At first but a small drop of dark-colored blood came forth, but repeated incisions and manipulations of the body caused it at last to trickle forth more freely.

The galvanic battery was applied, and, horrible and wonderful to relate, in less than fifteen minutes the warm blood commenced to course through the chilled body, and at last the eyes were opened. The students stood appalled and could hardly realize the truth of the demonstration before them. One of them spoke to Kriel, asking him, "Are you sensible?" The eyes answered expressively, and the lips opened ineffectively, for no speech came forth. Stimulants were poured down the throat of the revived criminal, and in less than one hour after he had been placed in the surgery, Kriel sat up and asked them, "What have you done? Am I alive?" The consternation and yet the professional delight of the spectators was loudly expressed. The experiment of a class of students and an able experimentalisthad resulted in the resuscitation of a man who had been hung a short time previous. Steps were immediately taken to save the life of the wretched man. Justice had been satisfied by the public execution, though life returned. Why should they deliver up what had so providentially and wonderfully been restored? None of Kriel's personal friends were notified. Strangers disguised him, furnished him with means, and by daylight a man, weak and tottering, but firm and immovable in his demeanor, crossed the river and was last seen by a watchful, silent friend, who kept near him on the train leaving Seymour, Ind., on his way to an unknown, but it is hoped a better future.

THERE was a fearful accident on the Mississippi Central Railroad, near Oxford, last week. The regular morning train for New Orleans broke through the trestle work, forty feet high, over a ravine; the engine went over safely, but the remainder of the train crushed the trestle work and completely wrecking the cars. Twenty-one passengers are known to have been killed, and a large number wounded, some seriously.

New Advertisements.

U. S. Internal Revenue.

ASSISTANT ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
FIFTH DISTRICT, CAL.,
SUISUN, March 1, 1870.

SECTION 116 of the United States Internal Revenue Law provides that there shall be levied, collected and paid annually upon the gains, profits and increase of every person residing in the United States, a tax of five per centum. Also, section 71, same Act, provides for the payment of special tax on any trade, business, or profession, as enumerated in said Act.

Therefore, notice is hereby given, that all statements of increase, and applications for special tax, must be made to the undersigned on or before the first day of April, 1870. The Assistant Assessor will be at

Davisville.....March 10th, 11th and 12th.
Woodland.....March 14th to 19th, inclusive.
Cacheville.....March 15th and 16th.
Knight's Landing.....March 17th and 18th.
Buckeye.....March 22d and 23d.
Cottonwood.....March 24th and 25th.
Washington.....March 29th and 30th.

Failing to comply with the above will subject the party to peremtory assessment, and the penalties provided by law.

J. B. RICHARDSON,
U. S. Assistant Assessor,
5th Div., 5th Dist., Cal.
(comprising the counties of Solano and Yolo.)

mar5-2w

BANK OF WOODLAND.

Capital Stock $200.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Exchange Furnished on San Fransisco, Sacramento, and New York.

☞ Collections promptly attended to in any portion of California or the Eastern States. County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. mar5-3m

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF NOAH P. CARPENTER, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of Noah P. Carpenter, deceased, to all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the date of the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the place of business of deceased, on Front street, Knight's Landing, or to my attorney.

MILTON DALE,
Administrator of the Estate of N. P. Carpenter, deceased.

Dated, Yolo county, Feb. 28th, 1870.
J. W. SNOWBALL, Att'y for Adm'r. m5-6w

Farm for Sale!

The undersigned offers for sale his farm of 150 acres, situated near the Plainfield School House, 6 miles northwest from Davisville, Yolo county. There are 110 acres in wheat and 20 acres in barley, which is looking finely. Terms easy. For further particulars apply on the premises or address—

P. P. MARTIN,
Woodland, Cal.
mar5-4w

Estray Notice.

Came on my ranch, in Cottonwood township about the 1st of February, 1870, a WHITE HORSE, medium size, branded 76 on left thigh, and shod all around. Also, a brown YEARLING COLT. The owners are requested to call for them and pay costs for advertising.

G. W. SCOTT.
Cottonwood, Yolo Co., March 3d, 1870. 5-4w

PAIN KILLER—After a thorough trial by innumeral living witnesses, has proved itself the medicine of the age. It is an internal and external remedy. One positive proof of its efficacy is that its sales have constantly increased, and wholly upon its own merits. The effect of the Pain Killer upon the patient when taken internally, in case of Cold, Cough, Bowel Complaints, Cholera, Dysentery, and other affections of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony as an almost infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the 19th century.

Probate Notice.

ESTATE of Cyrus Barnes, deceased. Probate Court of Yolo county, California. On the presentation of the petition of Daniel C. Hubbard, claiming to been titled by virtue of a certain contract, in writing, made by said Cyrus Barnes, in his lifetime, to a conveyance to certain real estate in said petition, fully described and set out, and praying for a decree authorizing and directing the administrator of said estate to execute a conveyance of said real estate. It is ordered by the Probate Judge that Saturday, the 12th day of March, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., being at a regular term of said Court, in the town of Woodland, county of Yolo, be, and the same are hereby appointed as the time and place of hearing the said petition. And it is further ordered that notice of the pending of said petition, and the time and place of hearing be published at least four successive weeks before such hearing, in the YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper printed and published in said county.

JAMES JOHNSON,
County Judge and ex-officio Judge of the Probate Court.

H. G. BURNETT, att'y.
Attest: [fe12-4w] E. BYNUM, Clerk.

Probate Notice.

IN the matter of the Estate of WILLIAM ATKINSON. In Probate Court, Yolo county, California. It appearing to the Court, by the petition this day presented and filed by Thomas Atkinson, Administrator of the Estate of William Atkinson, deceased, praying for an order of sale of real estate, that it is necessary to sell the whole of the real estate to pay the debts outstanding against the deceased, and the debts, expenses and charges of the administration, it is therefore ordered by the Court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Probate Court on Monday, the 7th day of March, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of said Probate Court, at Woodland, in said county of Yolo, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Thomas Atkinson, Administrator, to sell the whole of the real estate of the said deceased. And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper printed and published in said county.

JAMES JOHNSON,
County Judge and ex-officio Judge of the Probate Court.

Attest: [fe5-4w] E. BYNUM, Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo county, on the first Monday of March, 1870, until 2 o'clock P. M., for the grading of about ¾ of a mile on the road leading from Woodland to Davisville, and about two miles north of Davisville, and on the west line of lands owned by Chas. Gleeckler. Plans and specifications can be seen in the County Clerk's office on and after the 25th day of February. The bids must be accompanied by a good and sufficient bond, equal to contract price. The grading to be completed within sixty days from time of letting. Payments to be made by warrants drawn on the County Road Fund.

E. ROBERTS,
President of the Board.

f12-td

Probate Notice.

IN the matter of the Estate of M. A. WOODS, deceased. In Probate Court, Yolo county. C. E. Greene, J. D. Stephens and J. M. Kelley having filed in said Court a document purporting to be the last Will and Testament of said deceased, and petitioned for the issuance to them of Letters Testamentary thereon, it is ordered by the Court that MONDAY, the 7th day of March, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Court House in Woodland, in said county, be set for hearing said application, when and where all persons interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the application should not be granted.

Attest: [f19-3w] E. BYNUM, Clerk.

DISSOLUTION.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the publication of the YOLO DEMOCRAT, was dissolved on the 1st day of February, 1870, by mutual consent. All accounts due the late firm must be paid to Wm. Saunders, who will also settle any indebtedness against the same.

WM. SAUNDERS,
February 5th, 1870. H. C. GROVER.

Fall and Winter Goods!!

HENRY ARONSON,

Main Street,.....WOODLAND,

(Opposite College Grounds.)

— DEALER IN —

GENERAL MERCHANDISING

Wholesale and Retail,

Would respectfully call the attention of purchasers to his well-selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

— FOR —

FALL AND WINTER.

Also an extensive stock of

Clothing,
Groceries,
Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps,
Hardware,

And everything usually found in a well-regulated store. ☞ Thankful for past liberal patronage, a continuance is desired. d25-3m

BLACKSMITH TOOLS

FOR SALE AT

Elliott's Carriage Shop!

Consisting of a number of

BELLOWS,
ANVILS,
SLEDGES,
HAMMERS,
SWEDGES,
TONGS,
PUNCHES,
CHISELS,
SCREW-PLATES,
DRILLING-MACHINES,
SAWS,
BRACES,
BITS.

C. ELLIOTT,
f5-tf Main street, Woodland

PENMANSHIP!

P. A. ESPINA, lately teacher of San Jose and Santa Clara Public Schools, and San Jose Institute, will organize a

WRITING SCHOOL

In Woodland, on Tuesday evening, January 4th, in the Public School House. Nights of tuition: Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Terms: Fifteen lessons for $5, stationery included. Public cordially invited to attend and witness the simple manner of instruction.

ja1-tf

S. P. GOULET,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

(Successor to E. Mast.)

Main street, opposite the Capital Hotel,

WOODLAND.

The public is informed that I am now fully prepared to receive orders for the making of Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, in SUPERIOR STYLE, and on terms as low as those of any other first-class Tailor on this coast. I turn out no second-class work. My reputation as a Cutter, for Fashonable Trade, is unequalled by that of any in California. Twenty years' experience warrants such assertion. My customers shall have the satisfaction of knowing that their garments are not only PERFECTLY CUT, and in the MODE, but that the patterns are NOT COMMON.

☞ Give me a call. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. d11-3m

PAIN KILLER.—No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cinn. Nonpariel.*

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain Killer.—*Newport Daily News.*

COUNTY OFFICIAL PRESS.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE.....Agent at Large.
R. R. DARBY.....Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co.....Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL.....Cacheville.
JAS. T. LILLARD.....Davisville.
W. M. GREEN.....Washington.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER and W. B. LAKE are our authorized agents at San Francisco.

HUDSON & MENET, 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

Also, HUDSON, MENET & GAY, agents at Chicago.

Town and County Matters.

[CORRESPONDENCE for this department is invited from all parts of the County, on any and all subjects of interest to the general reader, particularly items of news, accounts of crops, available lands for settlement, etc., etc.]

TRIAL OF "DR." J. M. MAY FOR KIDNAPPING—HE IS CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO FOUR YEARS IMPRISONMENT.—As we announced last week, this case came up in the County Court before Judge Bliss, of Marysville, on Tuesday last, and has excited a great deal of interest on the part of our people. The large Court-room was crowded by eager spectators for several days who were anxious to hear the evidence, the arguments of the eminent counsel employed on both sides, and also the verdict and sentence. It was with difficulty that a jury was empanneled, almost everyone having expressed themselves either *pro* or *con* as to the merits of the case or the guilt or innocence of the prisoner. A large number of witnesses were subpœnaed, and of course the testimony was very voluminous, occupying two days in its delivery. The counsel on the part of the presecution were District Attorney J. C. Ball, Hon. Jo. Hamilton, Attorney General of the State, and C. P. Sprague, Esq.; for the defense, Judge Langdon, of Sonoma, H. G. Burnett and John B. Nixon, Esqs. With such an array of legal talent, of course an unusual amount of eloquence and ability were displayed in the trial, the summing up, the plea to the jury in behalf of the prisoner, by Judge Langdon, and the submission of the case to the jury, which occurred on Thursday evening. Failing to agree, they were locked up all night, and yesterday morning at 11 o'clock returned a verdict of "guilty." Judge Bliss then sentenced the prisoner to four years in the State prison, dating from March 4th. Notice was given by the prisoner's counsel that a new trial would be instituted. Sheriff Bullock took him to San Quentin yesterday afternoon. Thus ends the May abduction case. There are two other indictments standing against May, which are set for the third Monday in April—The People vs. May, for burglary, and The People vs. May, for assault to murder.

THE CEMETERY.—We are glad to notice that our suggestions in regard to removing timber—or rather letting it remain—on the Cemetery Grounds, meets the approval of many of our citizens. The property, including the timber, was sold, as advertised, to the highest bidder, on Saturday last, but since that time petitions have been gotten up in favor of sparing the trees, or at least the most thrifty ones. They should *all* be left, unless decayed or obstructing the avenues too much after the grounds shall have been properly and finally laid out. No other trees can take the place of those nature has supplied, and leaving them will not prevent additional ornamentation in the way of more trees and shrubbery; indeed, a variety would be an improvement. In the older towns and cities of the East, and in Europe, the natural trees are thought to be more ornamental to cemeteries than any others, and where there is room for others of different kinds, they are added. In Paris, London, New York, and doubtless in many other large cities, they actually transplant into their cemeteries and parks the native forest trees of the locality, if they be lacking. There are no handsomer oaks—we never saw their equal elsewhere—than are now growing on our cemetery lot. Then why destroy them? Better circulate a subscription paper, if funds are lacking, and raise the amount necessary. We again appeal, and also in behalf of many citizens more particularly interested, to those in charge, to spare the natural ornaments of that lovely spot, the beautiful oak trees.

BANK OF WOODLAND.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Woodland, held on Saturday last, a dividend of 10⅗ per cent. was declared as the net earnings of the Bank since its commencement. The following named gentlemen were re-elected Directors: J. D. Stephens, F. S. Freeman, John Hollingsworth, J. Wilcoxon, H. F. Hastings, Frank Miller, C. Nelson, L. D. Stephens and C. W. Bonynge. J. D. Stephens was re-elected President, F. S. Freeman Vice President, and C. W. Bush Cashier. A vote of thanks was tendered the officers and directors for the faithful manner in which they had performed their respective duties. From a statement furnished us, we glean these items: Amount of deposits, $73,742 20; amount of loans, $116,436 88; the first installment of new stock was paid in, making an aggregate of paid up capital of $105,000.

WHY WOODLAND SHOULD INCORPORATE.—Another very urgent and important reason why our town should be incorporated is that measures should be taken to prevent great conflagrations. Nearly all California towns have them, and in some cases they might be prevented from being very disastrous if there was a supply of water convenient. There is no reason to suppose our town will escape a fearful visitation of the fiery element unless something is done to prevent it. Property-owners should think earnestly of this matter, and take measures to protect their buildings from destruction before it is too late. There are many other reasons for incorporating, such as improving streets and sidewalks, but to guard against extensive fires seems to us one of the principal reasons.

INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES.—J. B. Richardson, Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue for this District, gives notice in the proper column that he will receive statements of income, etc., at the following times and places in Yolo county, as annexed: Davisville, March 10th, 11th and 12th; Woodland, 14th to 19th, inclusive; Cacheville, 15th and 16th; Knight's Landing, 17th and 18th; Buckeye, 22d and 23d; Cottonwood, 24th and 25th; Washington, 29th and 30th. Parties failing to make statements will be liable to "the penalties provided by law."

IMPROVEMENTS.—Improvement is the order of the day in this place at the present time. We notice new fences being built in various quarters, which add to the appearance of the place almost as much as buildings. A house on the common is a dreary looking affair, and there are still many of them in that condition. We are glad to see these improvements going on. Gardens are also being fixed up, flowerbeds laid out, etc., which adds to the owners comfort as well as improving the appearance and value of the property.

NEW PHYSICIAN.—Dr. A. B. Mehring, just arrived from Baltimore, has formed a copartnership with Dr. Ray, and will practice his profession hereafter in this place and vicinity.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—Parties having claims against the estate of Noah P. Carpenter, deceased, are notified that they must present the same, etc. See notice.

OPPOSED TO ANY INCREASE.—A communication in another column opposes any increase of the salary of County Superintendent. Our views have been heretofore briefly expressed, since which we have seen no reason for changing them. Our columns are open, however, for the discussion of all proper subjects, especially those in which the tax-payers of the county are interested, so that all may have a voice and a hearing.

COUNTY COURT.—Judge Bliss adjourned Court at the conclusion of the May trial till Monday next, March 7th, when the case of The People vs. Stuart (negro), for assault to murder, comes up for trial, and probably some other business will be transacted.

PERSONAL DIFFICULTY.—We learn that a slight difference of opinion existing between a couple of excitable individuals in this place, during a conversation the other day, resulted in one party caning the other, which settled the dispute.

CARL BOSCO.—This somewhat noted individual gave an exhibition here on Thursday evening to "a beggarly show of empty benches," which is accounted for by the fact that the May trial was under way at the Court-house.

BEAUTIFY.—Now is the time to ornament and beautify your yards and gardens with flowers and shrubbery, and the way to do it is to select from the great variety in this line to be found at Cook & Franklin's.

RESULT OF THE LANE TRIAL.—John Lane was tried before Justice Peterson, on Tuesday and Wednesday last, when the jury rendered a verdict of "guilty," and he was sentenced to fifty days in the County Jail.

POSTPONEMENT.—In consequence of the sickness of some of the members of the Hesperian Literary Society, the public performance heretofore announced, is postponed till next Saturday, one week from to-day.

FARM FOR SALE.—Attention is called to the advertisement of P. P. Martin, offering his farm for sale. It is said to be a very desirable place and will be sold on reasonable terms.

LAND PATENTS.—A large number of homestead patents have been received at the Marysville Land Office. Lists may be seen at the Real Estate office of C. S. Frost. *

FRATERNAL.—During the week we have received calls from Will Orr, of the Davisville *Advertiser*, and the editor of the Sutter *Banner*.

FENCE FOR THE CEMETERY.—We learn that a contract has been let for building a fence around the cemetery lot, including ten acres.

MARRIED.

In Woodland, Feb. 25th, by Rev. W. C. Damon, Daniel Ellison to Miss Margaret Whipcot.

In Woodland, Feb. 28th, by Rev. W. C. Damon, G. W. Linderman to Miss Julia Clooney.

DIED.

In Woodland, Feb. 28th, Isaac D. Murray, a native of Missouri, aged 40 years.

Religious Services.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. W. C. Damon, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 10.30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Seats free. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 12 M. Prayer-meeting on Thursday evening, and Class-meeting on Monday evening at 7 o'clock, at the Church.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Elder J. N. Pendegast. Services at the Chapel every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 6.30.

CATHOLIC SERVICES will be held on the 4th Sunday of every month, at the Court House, until further notice. Rev. Father Largan, pastor.

Woodland Retail Market.

Corrected weekly, expressly for the DEMOCRAT, by Fleishman & Kaufman, Main street

WOODLAND, March 5, 1870.

FLOUR AND MEAL—			
Flour ₱ bbl	5 50		
Corn Meal ₱ lb	3	@	3½
Buckwheat Flour ₱ lb	6	@	7½
Hominy ₱ lb	7	@	7½
PROVISIONS—			
Hams, Oregon, choice, ₱ lb	20		
Bacon, clear, ₱ lb	20		
Lard ₱ lb	16		
Butter, choice dairy, ₱ lb	38		
Cheese, Chicago, ₱ lb	22½	@	25
Eggs ₱ doz	30		
SUGAR—			
S. F. Powdered ₱ lb	20	@	22½
" Crushed No. 1, ₱ lb	15	@	15½
" Granulated ₱ lb	13½	@	14
Coffee [C] ₱ lb	14	@	14½
Sandwich Island No. 1, ₱ lb	13	@	13½
SYRUPS—			
S. F. Heavy Golden No. 1 ₱ gal	1 25		
TEAS—			
Comet ₱ lb	1 25		
Green, superior, ₱ lb	1 25	@	1 50
Japan ₱ lb	87½	@	1 00
COFFEE—			
Old Government Java ₱ lb	30	@	33½
Costa Rica ₱ lb	22	@	25
Fresh Ground ₱ lb	38		
CANDLES—			
Grant's best ₱ lb	22	@	25
FISH—			
Cod ₱ lb	10	@	15
Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ kit	4 00	@	4 50
Herring, Dutch ₱ doz	1 50		
FRUITS AND PRESERVES—			
Apples, California dried ₱ lb	10		
Peaches, California dried ₱ lb	8	@	10
Raspberries, fresh ₱ can	62½		
Jellies and Jams ₱ can	62½		
Sardines, qr and hf bxs ₱ doz	2 25	@	2 50
Oysters, McMurry's 2-lb cans	4 00	@	4 50
" fresh Baltimore	3 25		
" spiced	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES—			
Potatoes, Humboldts, ₱ lb	2	@	2½
OILS AND PAINTS—			
Kerosene, No. 1, ₱ gal	70	@	75
Lard, pure, ₱ gal	1 75		
Turpentine ₱ gal	90	@	1 00
Lead, white, Atlantic, ₱ lb	15		
" " Metropolitan ₱ lb	12		

San Francisco Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3, 1870.

FLOUR—Trade is exceedingly quiet at unchanged rates. We quote local brands: Superfine, ₱ 196 lbs., $4 87½@$4 62½. Extra, ₱ 196 lbs., $5 25@$5 50.

WHEAT—Sales of 300 tons choice shipping, delivered alongside, $1 62½; 600 sks superfine, $1 40 ₱ 100 lbs.

BARLEY—The demand is light and market weak at our quotations. In absense of sales we quote the extremes at $1 10@$1 25 ₱ 100 lbs.

OATS—Moderate inquiry for choice at $1 50, with small sales of Coast at $1 25@$1 40 ₱ 100 lbs.

POTATOES—There are at present about 12,000 sks from Humboldt in port, but still afloat. The market is weak, under liberal receipts. Bodegas sold in small lots at $1 50@$1 75; Humboldts at $1 62½@$1 90 ₱ 100 lbs.

HAY—One cargo of fair Oat sold in two lots at $13 50@$15 50. Strictly choice brings $17 ₱ ton.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

An exchange says: "The surprising curative efficacy of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, in a great variety of chronic diseases, especially those which prove obstinate, and incurable by ordinary treatment, cannot be explained. Nature, aided by art, has here provided a rare combination of medicinal properties, wisely adapted to the cure of diseases common to all mankind."

The effect of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, even when taken for its cathartic properties, are very different from those of any other medicine prepared specially for that purpose.

There is no nausea or disturbance of the stomach, and instead of causing any sense of languor, or debility, it seems rather to invigorate the whole system, and excite the keenes' appetite.

Another Railroad to Woodland.

The California Railroad is to commence at Woodland and run to Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluffs. It will undoubtedly be pushed through to completion at an early day, and cannot fail to make Woodland a place of considerable importance. In view of these facts, I am offering

Great Bargains in Lots!

from four to ten acres each, in the celebrated Fabricius' tract, adjoining town.

☞ Time will be given on one-half to two-thirds of purchase-money, to suit purchasers. Now is the time to procure Homesteads.

Apply to NATHAN ELLIOTT,
Or to C. S. FROST, Real Estate Agent,
Woodland.
ja28-3m

California Pacific Railroad.

Trains leave and arrive at WOODLAND, daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Going South.

7.20 A. M.—MORNING EXPRESS, arriving in Sacramento at 8.15 A. M., San Francisco at 11.45 A. M., and Calistoga at 12.50 P. M.

2.45 P. M.—AFTERNOON EXPRESS, arriving in Sacramento at 4 P. M., San Francisco at 7 P. M., and Calistoga at 7.15 P. M.

Going North.

12.15 P. M.—MORNING EXPRESS, arriving in Marysville at 2 P. M.

7.40 P. M.—EVENING EXPRESS, arriving in Marysville at 9 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Going South.

12 M.—SUNDAY EXPRESS, arriving in Sacramento at 1.30 P. M., and San Francisco at 5.30 P. M.

Going North.

2.20 P. M.—SUNDAY EXPRESS, arriving in Marysville at 3.45 P. M.

Tickets for sale and baggage checked through to any point on the line.

D. C. HASKIN, General Manager.
R. S. MATTISON, Ass't Supt. fe26-tf

C. H. GRAY. H. B. WOOD.

GRAY & WOOD,

(SUCCESSORS TO GRAY & FREEMAN),

Importers, Wholesale and Retail dealers in

Agricultural Implements,
MACHINERY,
HARDWARE,
Wooden-Ware,
Paints and Oils,

MAIN STREET,
WOODLAND.

We are fully supplied with the Latest Improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which we will sell at

San Francisco Prices!

We would also call attention to our IRON and WOOD-WORKERS' TOOLS, and Stock in Trade, consisting of

Iron, Steel, Coal, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nails, Locks, Screws, Hinges, etc.

CASTINGS
FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

CUTLERY,
IN EVERY STYLE!

Cordage, Blasting-Powder, Fuse, Amunition, Wood and Willow-ware
In great variety!

Our stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS, is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Brushes, Window-Glass, Etc., Etc.

The attention of Farmers, Mechanics and Builders is particularly called to our Stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES!

f12-3m GRAY & WOOD.

C. D. MORIN,

— DEALER IN —

STOVES!
METAL, HARDWARE,
— AND —
House Furnishing Goods,

Also manufacturer of

Tin, Copper, and Sheet-Iron Ware,

Returns thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and calls the attention of his customers to the fact that he has enlarged and improved his business to suit their wants, in every particular.

PATENT PUMPS!
Kept constantly on hand
LIFTING PUMPS,
of all descriptions, made and repa red, and particular attention given to
Well-Boring!

Boring Tools furnished to customers free of charge. **Tin Roofing** done in the most scientific manner. **Old Roofs Repaired,** and job work done on short notice. All kinds of stock furnished, and work performed at

REDUCED PRICES!

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to.

☞ Shop on Main street, next door to Gray & Freeman's store. fe1-3m

C. S. FROST,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT!

— ALL KINDS OF —
REAL ESTATE
Bought and sold on Commission!

Town Property, Homesteads and Farms for Sale.

☞ **HOUSES TO RENT.** ☜
Revenue Stamps for Sale. Greenbacks Bought and Sold! Loans Negotiated on Reasonable Terms!

Agent for Union Insurance Co.

Office—First Door East of Bank,
MAIN STREET,
WOODLAND. [3m
ja10

WOODLAND MARKET.

Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Sausages, Salt Meats, etc.,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

☞ A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. Meats delivered, free of charge.

Fresh Lard and Tallow for sale.
fe16-3m JAS. ASBERRY.

TO RENT.—One or two good dwelling houses. Enquire of C. S. FROST, Real Estate Agent
ja9-tf

A. C. RUGGLES. L. MACHEFERT.

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,

PIONEER
Drug and Jewelry STORE!
Post-Office Building,
WOODLAND.

Largest assortment of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
SOAPS, PERFUMERY,
BRUSHES, COMBS,
OILS, PAINTS,
WINDOW GLASS,
LAMPS, CHIMNEYS,
TOBACCO, CIGARS,
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
FANCY ARTICLES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
WATCHES, CLOCKS,
PLATED WARE,
MUSIC INSTRUMNTS,
GUNS, PISTOLS,
SHOT, POWDER, ETC.

Physicians' Prescriptions
CAREFULLY PREPARED, BY
BEN. HASTINGS,
APOTHECARY.

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
— AND —
JEWELRY!
Repaired accurately, and guaranteed, by
L. MACHEFERT.

☞ Thankful for past liberal patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same.
d4-3m RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

G. M. EATON. JOHN D. LAWSON.

EATON & LAWSON.

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE!
Galbraith's Block, Main st.,
WOODLAND.

The above named firm having purchased the stock and good will of Eaton, Greene & Co., will at the old place keep on hand a

FULL ASSORTMENT
— OF —
Groceries, Provisions, Boots, Shoes, etc.

With a NEW AND FRESH STOCK OF GOODS, and a desire to accommodate and suit the public, they solicit and expect a portion of their patronage.

☞ Goods will be delivered to customers living within a reasonable distance, free of charge.

We will sell first-class Goods at as low prices as possible and make a living profit.

CALL AND SEE!
Highest price paid for Produce. [ja2-3m

M. PETERSON & BRO.,

HOUSE. SIGN AND

Ornamental Painters,
MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.
fe27-tf

ISIDORE PROULX,

Morin's Building, next door to Tin-shop,
WOODLAND.

Family Grocery
— AND —
PROVISION STORE!
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR
Country Produce!
fe14-3m

PETER S. GLASSCOCK,

DRUGGIST and Apothecary,
FRONT STREET,
KNIGHT'S LANDING.
— DEALER IN —
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Perfumery, Window Glass,

Together with every article usually found in a first-class Drug Store, which will be sold at Sacramento prices.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
ja16-3m

PACIFIC
Fruit and Vegetable DEPOT!
Main street, opposite Planters' House,
WOODLAND.

Fresh Vegetables and Fruits, of every variety, received daily per Railroad from San Francisco Markets.

Fresh Fish every Tuesday and Friday. Highest price paid for Fresh Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
de18-3m CHARLES GOLDMAN.

FALL AND WINTER
IMPORTATIONS!

F. S. FREEMAN,

CORNER SOUTH AND FIRST STREETS,
WOODLAND,

Is constantly receiving a

Complete and Carefully Selected Stock
— OF —
GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

Arranged in their several departments, as follows:

DRY GOODS.

A large supply and great variety of everything required in that line.

CLOTHING!

A large stock of
GENT'S AND BOYS'
Fine Dress, Be ver,
— AND —
CASMERE SUITS,
And a general assortment of
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
Also a large assortment of
Gent's and Boys' Hats.

Boots and Shoes.

A large assortment of
Men's and Boys' Boots,
Also the latest styles of
Balmorals and Gaiters,
for Ladies, Misses and Children.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

This department consists of a
Large and full Assortment.

CROCKERY AND QUEENSWARE.

We would call attention to our large stock of Crockery, which is now complete; also to our Glassware, consisting of a fine assortment of

LAMPS, CASTORS, TABLE GLASSES, Etc.

Paints and Oils.

Our department of Painters' Findings consists of a large stock of
Oils, Paints, Brushes, Window Glass, etc.

UPHOLSTERY.

We also direct attention to our Upholstery Department, (up stairs) which consists of

Carpets,	**Muslin and**
Oil Cloth,	**Lace Curtains,**
Matting,	**Window Shades**
Damasks,	**Mouldings,**

And everything usually found in that line.

Miscellaneous.

Stationery and School Books,
a full assortment.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Hair Oil, Perfumery, etc.

HARDWARE.

We would call especial attention to our
Hardware and Agricultural WAREHOUSE,
which is large and commodious, and fully supplied with all kinds of the

Latest Improved Machinery
and **Agricultural Implements,**
which we will sell at San Francisco prices. We would also call attention to our large assortment of
Iron and Wood-workers' Tools
and stock in trade, consisting of Iron, Steel, Coal, Carriage Springs, Axles, Nails, Bolts, Locks, Screws, Hinges, etc.

Castings and Extras
For all kinds of Machinery!

Cutlery, in every style; Plated-ware, Wooden ware, Willow-ware, and everything to be found in a well-assorted Hardware House.

☞ Our facilities for purchasing, and having imported, direct, most of our Goods, enable us to sell, at Wholesale or Retail, on better terms than ever before.

Grain, Wool, and all kinds of Produce Purchased!

ja23-1y **F. S. FREEMAN.**

HESPERIAN COLLEGE.

This young and flourishing institution is located at **Woodland,** the county-seat of Yolo county, California. It is situated in the midst of one of the most fertile, beautiful and healthy districts of the Pacific Coast. Its social, moral and religious surroundings are of the highest type. It admits both males and females.

The academic year is divided into two terms of eighteen weeks each.

The first term of the next session begins August 23d and ends December 24th, 1869.

The second term begins January 3d, and ends May 6th, 1870.

FACULTY:

J. M. MARTIN, A. M., Prof. Ancient Languages and Elocution.
J. L. SIMPSON, Professor of Mathematics.
G. N. FREEMAN, Principal of Preparatory Department.
MRS. C. L. CROSS, Principal of Primary Department.
WM. WALLE, Teacher Vocal and Instrumental Music.
MRS. J. E. DIXON, Teacher Ornamental Branches, French [and German.
J. MCCORMICK, Telegraphing.
J. W. KALBAUGH, Teacher of Phonography.
P. A. ESPINA, Teacher of Spencerian Penmanship.
G. N. FREEMAN, Secretary of Faculty.

TUITION:

Collegiate, per term	$32 50
Academic, per term	22 50
Primary, per term	13 50
Janitor's Fee, per term	2 00
Music, with use of Piano, per month	8 00
French and German, each, per term	10 00
Wax-work, including Fruit, Flowers and Vases, per month	8 00
Oil Painting, per month	8 00
Painting in Water Colors, per month	6 00
Drawing, Pencil and Crayon, per month	6 00
Spencerian Penmanship	
Telegraphing	
Phonography	

TUITION PAYABLE IN ADVANCE IN GOLD COIN.

No deduction for absence except in cases of sickness, and then only for a term of two weeks or more. Students received at any time and charged from the time of entering till the close of the term.

BOARDING.

Boarding can be obtained in private families at from $4 to $5 per week. A limited number of young ladies will be boarded with Mrs. C. L. Cross, Principal of the Primary Department. A limited number of young gentlemen will be boarded with the Principal.

The entire expense for the College year for board, lodging, lights, fuel and instruction $250.
ja16-3m J. M. MARTIN, President.

UNION MUTUAL
Life Insurance
COMPANY!

Incorporated.....1848.

Charter Perfected!

A Pu utual Company!

DIRECTORS' OFFICE
BOSTON, MASS.

Is Among the Oldest of NEW ENGLAND COMPANIES!

INSURES EVERY DESCRIPTION
— OF —
POLICIES!

Assets: $5.000.000.

Pay to the insured every dollar of surplus Premiums, annually, after second year.

☞ ALL PARTIES INSURING IN THE
Union Mutual
CAN HAVE THE BENEFIT OF THE
Massachusetts Lapse Laws!

H. H. JOHNSTON & CO.,
General Managers,
S. W. corner California and Kearny sts.,
San Francisco.

A. H. PRATT, AGENT,
d11-3m Woodland, Cal.

ECLIPSE SALOON,

No. 83 K street, bet. 3d and 4th, (opposite the Academy of Music.)

JAKE L. LEVISON.....PROPRIETOR.
(Formerly of Cottonwood, Yolo Co.)

Choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also FREE LUNCH, every day. ja22-3m

H. C. KIRK & CO.,
Importer and dealer in
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Artificial Teeth, GOLD FOIL, DENTAL STOCK,
&c., &c., &c.,
No. **114 J** street,.....SACRAMENTO
ja16-3m

HARLING, WELCH & CO.,

— DEALERS IN —
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Buckeye, Yolo County.

We call the attention of purchasers to our well-selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
of Every Description!

Also an extensive and superior stock of
Clothing, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hardware,

Together with every article usually found in a well-regulated country store.

Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods!

HARLING, WELCH & CO.,
d5-3m Buckeye, Yolo Co.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The undersigned has opened a
NEW LUMBER YARD
south of Main street, near Railroad Track,
WOODLAND.

Building and Fencing Lumber,
of every description, constantly on hand.
— ALSO —
Fence Posts, Shakes, Shingles, Doors, Windows, Blinds, Laths, etc.

All orders promptly filled. Terms liberal.
ja24-3m P. C. ROBERTSON.

The Science of Health!

Every Man his own Physician.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
— AND —
Holloway's Ointment.

Disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

The stomach is the great center which influences the health or disease of the system—abused or debilitated by excess—indigestion, offensive breath and physical prostration are the natural consequences. Allied to the brain, it is the source of headaches, mental depression, nervous complaints and unrefreshing sleep. The Liver becomes affected and generates bilious disorders, pains in the side, etc. The bowels sympathize by costiveness, diarrhœa and Dysentery. The principal action of these Pills is on the stomach and the liver, lungs, bowels and kidneys participate in their recuperative and regenerative operation.

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent. To these the Ointment is especially antagonistic; its *modus operandi* is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years' standing, that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruptions of the Skin,

Arising from a bad state of the blood, or chronic diseases, are eradicated and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetics and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashes and other disfigurements of the face.

Female Complaints,

Whether in the young or old, married or single at the dawn of Womanhood, or the turn of life, these tonic medicines display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient. Being a purely vegetable preparation. They are a safe and reliable remedy for all classes of Females in every condition of health and station of life.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stuborn diseases is eradicated locally and entirely by the use of this emolient; warm fomentations should precede its application. Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bunions, burns, chapped hands, chilblains, fistula, gout, lumbago, mercurial eruptions, piles, rheumatism, ringworm, salt-rheum, scalds, skin diseases, swelled glands, sore legs, sore breasts, sore heads, sore throats, sores of all kinds, sprains, stiff joints, tetter, ulcers, venereal sores and wounds of all kinds.

CAUTION.—See that the words "Holloway, New York and London," appear as a water-mark on every leaf of the book of directions which enfolds each box or pot. No others are genuine. A handsome reward given for information leading to the detection of counterfeiters of the medicines and venders of the deceptive articles, knowing them to be such. Sold at the manufactory, No. 80 Maiden Lane, and by druggists and medicine dealers throughout the world. A great saving by taking the large sizes. Full instructions with every box or pot.

REDDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.,
Agents, San Francisco.

$15. BUY THE BEST. $15.

Sent by Express, Cash on Delivery.

THE GENUINE OROIDE GOLD WATCHES.

Improved and manufactured by us are all the best make. Hunting cases, finely chased and beautifully enamelled, Patent and Detached Levers, full-jeweled, and every watch perfectly regulated and adjusted, and guaranteed by the Company to keep correct time, and wear and not tarnish, but retain an appearance equal to solid gold as long as worn. These celebrated watches we are now sending out by mail and express, C.O.D., anywhere within the United States and Canadas at the wholesale price, payable on delivery.

No money is required in advance, as we prefer that all should receive and see the goods before paying for them.

A Single Watch Sent to any Address, $15.

A Club of six, with an extra watch to the agent sending the club, $90. Making seven watches for $90.

Also, a superb lot of most elegant Oroide chains, of the latest and most costly styles and patterns, for Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, from 10 to 40 inches in length, at prices of $2, $4, $6, and $8 each; sent when ordered with watch at the regular wholesale prices.

Describe the watch required, whether Lady's or Gentleman's, size, and address your orders and letters to

THE OROIDE WATCH CO.,
oc30-tf 148 Fulton street, New York.

TO LET.

Dry Goods and Grocery Store
AT KNIGHT'S LANDING.

A First-class Brick Store, in the Union Hotel Building, Knight's Landing. A fine opening for business in a first-class location.

Apply to D. N. HERSHEY,
de11tf Or to J. W. SNOWBALL.

IF you want a Locket, Belt Buckle, Pin, or Ear Drops, call on
RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

IF you want a Finger Ring, of any pattern, gold or silver, call on Ruggles & Machefert. They have a basket-full of them.

FOR SALE.—A good six-horse WAGON. Terms easy. Apply to the undersigned or to Harling & Welch, Buckeye.
jy24-tf JOHN M. KELLEY.

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

THE LITTLE FAIR SOUL.

[We cannot remember the name of the author of this beautiful little thing, or we would gladly add it.]

A little soul that knew not sin,
Looked over the edge of Paradise,
And saw one striving to come in,
With fear and tumult in his eyes.

"Oh brother, is it you?" he cried,
"Your face is as a breath from home.
Why do you stay so long outside?
I am athirst for you to come.
Tell me, first, how our mother fares,
And did she weep too much for me?"

"White are hercheeks and white her hairs,
But not from gentle tears for thee!"

"Tell me, where are our sisters gone?"

"Alas! I left them weary and wan."

"And tell me, is the baby grown?"

"Alas! he will soon be a man."

"Cannot you break the gathering days,
And let the light of death come through,
Ere his feet stumble through the maze,
Crossed safely by so few, so few?
For like a cloud upon the sea,
That darkens till you find no shore,
So was the face of Life to me,
Until I sank forevermore,
And like an army in the snow
My days went past, a treacherous train,
Each silent when he struck his blow,
Until I lay among the slain!"

"O, brother, there was a path so clear!"

"It might be, but—I never sought."

"O, brother, there was a sword so near!"

"It might be, but—I never fought."

"Yet sweep this needless gloom aside,
For you are come to the gate at last."

Then in dispair that soul replied,
"The gate is fast! the gate is fast!"

"I cannot move the mighty weight,
I cannot find the golden key,
But hosts of heaven around us wait,
And none has ever said No to me.
King Sabin, put up thy palm and scroll,
And come undo the door for me."

"Rest thee still, thou little fair soul,
It is not mine to keep the key."

"Sweet angel, strike these doors apart,
That outer air is dark and cold."

"Rest thee still, thou little pure heart,
Not for my word will they unfold."

Up all the shining heights he prayed
For that poor Shadow in the cold;
Still came the words, "Not ours to aid!
We cannot make the doors unfold!"
But that poor Shadow, still outside,
Wrung all the sacred air with pain,
And all the souls went up and cried
Where never cry was heard in vain.
No eyes beheld the pitying Face,
The answer none might understand.
But dimly through the silent space,
We saw the stretching of a hand.

Miscellaneous Items.

THE last words of George D. Prentice were: "I want to go."

THERE are fifty-one volcanoes in the long Andean chain of South America.

AN inexhaustible quarry of beautiful marble, is said to have been discovered near Visalia, recently.

"THE COMING VOTER" was the subject of a *sermon*, in the Unity Church, at Santa Cruz, on Sunday evening last.

AN Indiana editor abused a man to the extent of half a column, and stated the next week that it was a slip of the pen.

CLARK VANDERBILT, a relative of Commodore Vanderbilt, died in the City and County Hospital, at San Francisco, on the 24th ult.

A ST. PETERSBURG dispatch says Anson Burlingame died in that city on the 23d ult., of congestion of the lungs, after four days illness.

A CONTRACT for a new line of steamships from Sydney to San Francisco has been signed. The steamers will touch at Honolulu both ways.

TWO DOLLARS.—This amount has been fixed upon as the apportionment of school money, to each child in the State, for the present year.

THE San Joaquin Valley Railroad is finished and in running order from where it leaves the Western Pacific, as far as the Stanislaus River, eleven miles.

A COLORED State Convention was held at Frankfort (Ky.), at which the resolutions adopted expressed, among other things, hostility to Chinese immigration.

IN the Mount Hope Coal Mine, at Mount Diablo, there are 815 men employed, and about 250 in the Somerville Mine. The products of this mountain save to the State about $6,000,000 per annum in the article of fuel.

ON the 14th of February, a woman in England, was sent to prison for thirty days, which was the hundred and third time she had been convicted. During twenty years she had spent 3,925 days in prison, being nearly eleven years.

NINETY artesian wells in Los Angeles county, with a six inch stream of water, have been struck at a depth of seventy-eight feet. The deepest well is 200 feet. Regular companies are now engaged in the business of sinking wells, which have thus far been a complete success.

THE Assembly declared without a dissenting voice in favor of the new county of San Benito, out of the territory of Monterey county. It will pass through the Senate without difficulty. The county seat will be the town of Hollister. The new county will contain 552,960 acres of excellent land, well watered, and improvements worth $1,000,000.

THE Truckee lumber mills have already delivered 500,000 feet to the Union Pacific Railroad Company at Ogden, and they have contracted to furnish 1,300,000 feet more, to be delivered at the same point. The company is using this lumber in building snow-sheds, and in the erection of snow-fences along the line of the railroad.

A NEW FIBRE.—A new textile plant has been discovered in Mexico, which yields a thread two yards long, white, shining, and stronger than hemp. It is claimed that any laborer can prepare daily seventy-five pounds of this new flax and without special machinery. The plant also yields an acid that may be turned to good account.

NEW HAMPSHIRE will elect a Governor, etc., on March 8th. The Republican candidate for Governor is the present incumbent, and the Democratic candidate was defeated last year. At the State election of 1869, the total vote of the State, 67,781, was thus divided: Stearns, (Republican) 35,777; Bedell, (Democrat) 32,004. Majority for Stearns, 3,773.

EXCLUSIVE of the two Atlantic cable companies, not less than ten submarine telegraph schemes, with a capital of $35,000,000, have been promoted or completed within a few months. The capital of the British Indian submarine telegraph from Suez to Aden and Bombay is alone put down at $19,000,000; the Falmouth, Malta, and Gibraltar line at $3,900,000; the West India and Panama line at $3,300,000; the British Indian extension from Ceylon to Singapore at $2,500,000; the China submarine telegraph at $4,900,000; the China and Japan extension of the Great Northern Telegraph at $3,500,000; and the Panama and South Pacific at $1,900,000. This wonderful activity is exciting some alarm lest the work be overdone, and the London *Economist* advises quiet people not to meddle with cable companies.

THE ELLIPTIC SEWING MACHINES,

Warranted the Best!

The Elliptic Sewing Machines are manufactured and warranted by the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company. The late and important improvements enable us to guarantee to every purchaser that the Elliptic Machine will do more work, better work, and a greater variety of work than any other Sewing Machine now in use. The economy of the Elliptic Machine in a family is almost incredible; with one, a good operator can do the work of twelve hands. By it, the making of garments is reduced from a question of hours to one of minutes, as the following table will show:

(It is not to be understood that the following table is the time to make garments, but to do the stitching only.)

	By Mach. H'rs.	Min.	By hand. H'rs.	Min.
Gentleman's Fine Shirt	1	16	15	26
Fine Coat	2	38	16	35
Silk Vest	1	14	7	19
Cloth Trowsers	0	51	5	10
Silk Dress	1	13	8	27
Merino Dress	1	4	8	27
Calico Dress	0	57	6	37
Chemise	1	10	10	21
Night Dress	1	7	10	2
Muslin Skirt	0	30	7	10
Muslin Skirt, 15 Tucks	2	30	22	10
Infant's Plain Robe	0	35	8	5
Infant's Robe, 50 plaits	7	35	41	50
Plain Drawers	0	35	4	16
Quilting Silk Skirt	11	30	50	20
Stitching 12 Linen Collars	0	43	10	5
Stitching 12 Linen Cuffs	0	50	10	15
Stitching 12 Shirt Fronts	1	20	23	30
Hemming 12 Handkerchiefs	0	45	8	10
Boy's Pants	0	40	2	60
Boy's Vest	0	35	2	30
Boy's Coat	1	15	7	20

A. H. SUPLEE,

Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast,

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☞ Very Liberal arrangements made with parties of energy, good standing and capital who may wish to engage in the sale of these machines, as agents, in such territory as yet remains unoccupied. For further information and private circular, address A. H. SUPLEE, 203 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal. f12tf

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WOODLAND.

Ja16-3m

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Dr. Erasmus Winslow's Liver and Stomach Lozenge is the most important medicinal novelty that modern chemistry has produced. It contains two botanical extracts, perfectly harmless in themselves, but embodying all the remedial properties of mercury, and destined in this pleasant form to supercede and banish from general use the nauseous pills and potions of which that dangerous excitant is the main ingredient. More than one thousand experiments were made by the inventor of this peerless remedy before it was brought to its present state of perfection. The Lozenge is harmless in its operation, and although the medicinal taste of its curative components has been extinguished by chemical art, their virtues remain as active and potent as ever.

In Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, sick or nervous Headache, Piles, Dropsy, and the irregularities to which the feebler sex are subject, the Lozenges will be found infinitely more effective than any of the horrible and disgustiug compounds usually administered in such cases. As an anti-bilious specific and general aperient, they have no equal either among advertised preparations or the prescriptions of the regular pharmacopeia.

☞ It is guaranteed that no one who has once tried Dr. Erasmus Winslow's Liver and Stomach Lozenge, will ever again take a purgative powder, or draught, or pill.

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A Medallion likeness of Mr. Howe is embedded in the plates of every Howe Machine, without which none are genuine. Every purchaser of a Sewing Machine should inquire for ELIAS HOWE, JR.'S SEWING MACHINE, and if they are not sold in their vicinity, address the General Agency for Illustrated Circulars, etc., and do not purchase until you have thoroughly investigated these renowned machines.

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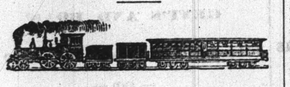

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and beg leave to inform them that having made arrangements with our House in

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will continue to

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all the new and latest styles.

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Bleached and Unbleach'd Domestic, Irish Linen, Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Handkerchiefs, Hose, Cuffs, Collars.

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SUCH AS

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Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills readily cure:—For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Langour and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action. For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it. For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required. For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear. For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge. For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy. As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus. DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

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" Ledger	3 50	2 00
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d18-3m

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One Hundred EXPRESS WAGONS, prices ranging from one hundred and forty to two hundred dollars;

Ten SKELETON WAGONS;

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Particular attention is called to the above Wagons, as they are manufactured for the home trade. Wagons built at this manufactory during the last two years have always given entire satisfaction. For workmanship, material and durability, they are far superior to any imported wagons, and for the same style and finish of wagon we cannot be undersold by any Eastern made wagon—not excepting South Bend, Ind., or Jackson, Mich.

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Agencies established for the sale of the above Wagons, as follows: Gray & Wood, Woodland; A. Hoffman, Cottonwood; Wm. Dresback, Davisville; Chapman's Livery Stable, Sacramento; J. T. Kilgore, Colusa; J. H. Goodhue, Grand Island, Wohlfrom & Myers, Colusa Co.; I. W. Brownell, Stony Creek, Tehama Co.; C. S. Thomas, Vallejo.

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Having opened the above-named

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At the Lowest Market Prices!

And invite my friends and the public when they come to this City, to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

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The undersigned have opened a Furniture Store in Woodland, and solicit the patronage of those in want of

Household Furniture,
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Old Furniture Repaired and Varnished!

N. B. Having purchased a fine **Hearse** for the purpose of carrying on the UNDERTAKING business, we are prepared to furnish **Coffins**, and conduct Funerals in the best manner, with promptness, and at reasonable rates. Our place of business is on Main street, opposite the College.

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More than 200,000 Persons

Bear testimony to the wonderful curative effects of

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Manufactured from the native Herbs and Roots of California.

The Great Blood Purifier!

For Inflammatory and chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the digestive organs.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood healthy, and all will be well.

"The life of all Flesh is the Blood thereof." Purify the Blood and the health of the whole system will follow. It is a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic.

These Bitters are not a gilded Pill, to delight the eye or please the fancy, but a medical preparation, composed of the best vegetable ingredients known.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Agents,
Corner Pine and Sansome sts., San Francisco, and Sacramento, Cal. je19 1y

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,

For Purifying the Blood!

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous diseases, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercle may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by irruption on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence, the occasional use of this SARSAPARILLA is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and dealers in Medicine everywhere. CRANE & BINGHAM, San Francisco; R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento, wholesale Agents. d25-1m

Exposition Universelle,

PARIS, 1867.

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IMPERIAL CROSS

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Was conferred upon the Representatives of the

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE.

For Embroidering, Braiding, Filling, Ruffling, Gathering, Binding, Quilting, Cording, Tucking, light and heavy Sewing, no machine equals the

Grover & Baker.

R. G. BROWN, Agent,
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AYER'S HAIR VIGOR,

For Restoring Gray Hair to its Natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with glow and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and destroyed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

Hair Dressing,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by DR. J. AYER & CO.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Massachusetts. Price, $1.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and dealers in Medicines everywhere. Crane & Bingham, San Francisco, R. H. McDonald & Co., Sacramento, wholesale agents. au14-1y

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THE GREAT TRIAL OF

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GRANDEST IN THE WORLD!

The Judges, the whole world; and the trial, fifteen years duration.

Practical Use the Test!

THE UNIVERSAL VERDICT:

"The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine the Champion!"

As a Holiday Present, nothing would be more appreciated than one of these Machines.

These unequalled Machines do all the different kinds of work required to be done in a family, and make all the different kinds of Stitches, without the complications of the other Machines.

All persons will please examine the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine before purchasing any other.

The Wheeler & Wilson as is well known, has won at nearly every trial in which it has competed, the highest award of merit. The representatives of other machines, ever confident, have entered the lists, time and again, only to be defeated; and finding it impossible to compete fairly, have endeavored to decry the value of Premiums. They are not slow, however, to boast of the few they have received. But in the grand trial, daily use throughout the world, where only true merit finds favor, and superiority wins the race, the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine stands triumphantly the champion by the verdict of the people.

These Machines are adapted to every Variety of Sewing!

From the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloths. They work equally well upon Silk, Linen, Woolen or Cotton goods, with Silk, Linen or Cotton thread; Seaming, Quilting, Gathering, Hemming, Felling, Cording, Tucking, Braiding Embroidering and making Button Holes, with the greatest facility.

If it be inconvenient for the purchaser to visit the salesroom, the order may be forwarded to the office, and it will be as faithfully filled as if the selection had been made personally.

Full instructions, recently compiled, and giving full information upon every point in detail, accompany each Machine, and enable the most inexperienced to operate without difficulty.

Our interest in the successful working of Machines is not second to that of the purchaser, and we esteem it a privilege to aid, by correspondence or otherwise, any person requiring it.

W. M. STODDARD,
General Agent for Pacific Coast.
Montgomery, cor. Sacramento street, San Francisco.

EATON & GREENE,
fe19-tf Local Agents, Woodland.

C. ELLIOTT,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON

MANUFACTURER,

MAIN STREET,

WOODLAND.

I would call the attention of the public to this well-known shop, where I manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand for sale

Carriages,
Buggies,
Sulkies,
CONCORD-STYLE THOROUGHBRACE

— AND —

LUMBER WAGONS,

— FROM THE —

BEST EASTERN MATERIAL,

Selected by myself!

All work manufactured at my shop is under my own immediate supervision, and up to the requirements of the times, of the latest style, and the most

APPROVED PATTERNS AND FINISH!

Also made to order all kinds of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

Plows,
Harrows, &c

BLACKSMITHING.

In all its branches, is connected with the wood-work, and both are under my supervision.

I have on hand, for sale,

Plow-beams and Handles,
Neckyokes,
Singletrees,
Stretchers,
Clevises,
Fifth-chains,
Lap-Rings,
Harrow-Teeth,
Etc., Etc.

All kinds of Plow and Wagon repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Determined to adhere to my long-established rule of manufacturing only the

Best Work from the Best Stock.

C. ELLIOTT,
Blacksmith and Carriage Manufacturer,
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Saddle Horses, double and single Buggy Teams, let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded and groomed by the day, week, or month, at lower rates than ever before charged in Woodland.

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